Installation and service instructions for contractors



Vitodens 200-W Type B2HA, 120 and 150 kW Wall mounted gas condensing boiler Natural gas and LPG version

VITODENS 200-W



Safety instructions

 \wedge

Please follow these safety instructions closely to prevent accidents and material losses.

Safety instructions explained

- \wedge
 - Danger

This symbol warns against the risk of injury.

Please note

This symbol warns against the risk of material losses and environmental pollution.

Target group

These instructions are exclusively intended for qualified contractors. Work on gas installations may only be carried out by a registered gas fitter.

Details identified by the word "Note"

contain additional information.

Note

- Work on electrical equipment may only be carried out by a qualified electrician.
- The system must be commissioned by the system installer or a qualified person authorised by the installer.

Regulations to be observed

- National installation regulations
 Statutory regulations for the prevention of accidents
 Codes of passociation
 Relevant of accidents
- Statutory regulations for environmental protection
- Codes of practice of the relevant trade associations
- Relevant country-specific safety regulations

Safety instructions for working on the system

Working on the system

- Where gas is used as the fuel, close the main gas shut-off valve and safeguard it against unintentional reopening.
- Isolate the system from the power supply, e.g. by removing the separate fuse or by means of a mains isolator, and check that it is no longer live.
- Safeguard the system against reconnection.
- Wear suitable personal protective equipment when carrying out any work.

Safety instructions (cont.)



Danger

Hot surfaces and fluids can lead to burns or scalding.

- Before maintenance and service work, switch OFF the appliance and let it cool down.
- Never touch hot surfaces on the boiler, burner, flue system or pipework.

Please note

Electronic assemblies can be damaged by electrostatic discharge. Prior to commencing work, touch earthed objects such as heating or water pipes to discharge static loads.

Repair work

Please note

Repairing components that fulfil a safety function can compromise the safe operation of the system. Replace faulty components only with genuine Viessmann spare parts.

Auxiliary components, spare and wearing parts

Please note

Spare and wearing parts that have not been tested together with the system can compromise its function. Installing non-authorised components and making non-approved modifications or conversions can compromise safety and may invalidate our warranty.

For replacements, use only original spare parts supplied or approved by Viessmann.

Safety instructions (cont.)

Safety instructions for operating the system

If you smell gas

Danger Ŵ

Escaping gas can lead to explosions which may result in serious injury.

- Do not smoke. Prevent naked flames and sparks. Never switch lights or electrical appliances on or off.
- Close the gas shut-off valve.
- Open windows and doors.
- Evacuate any people from the danger zone.
- Notify your gas or electricity supply utility from outside the building.
- Have the power supply to the building shut off from a safe place (outside the building).

If you smell flue gas

Danger

Flue gas can lead to life threatening poisoning.

- Shut down the heating system.
- Ventilate the installation site.
- Close doors to living spaces to prevent flue gases from spreading.

What to do if water escapes from the appliance

Danger /!\

If water escapes from the appliance there is a risk of electrocution. Switch OFF the heating system at the external isolator (e.g. fuse box, domestic distribution board).

/!\

Danger

If water escapes from the appliance there is a risk of scalding. Never touch hot heating water.

Condensate

Danger

Contact with condensate can be harmful to health. Never let condensate touch your skin or eyes and do not swallow it.

Flue systems and combustion air

Ensure that flue systems are clear and cannot be sealed, for instance due to accumulation of condensate or other external causes.

Ensure an adequate supply of combustion air.

Inform system users that subsequent modifications to the building characteristics are not permissible (e.g. cable/pipework routing, cladding or partitions).



Danger

Leaking or blocked flue systems, or an inadequate supply of combustion air can cause life threatening poisoning from carbon monoxide in the flue gas.

Ensure the flue system is in good working order. Vents for supplying combustion air must be non-sealable.

Extractors

Operating appliances that exhaust air to the outside (extractor hoods, extractors, air conditioning units, etc.) can create negative pressure. If the boiler is operated at the same time, this can lead to a reverse flow of flue gas.

Safety instructions (cont.)



Danger

The simultaneous operation of the boiler and appliances that exhausts air to the outside can result in life threatening poisoning due to a reverse flow of flue gas. Fit an interlock circuit or take suitable steps to ensure an adequate supply of combustion air.

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Disposal of packaging

Please dispose of packaging waste in line with statutory regulations.

Symbols

<u> </u>	
Symbol	Meaning
	Reference to other document containing further information
1.	Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.
ļ	Warning of material losses and environ- mental pollution
4	Live electrical area
٩	Pay particular attention.
) D	 Component must audibly click into place. or Acoustic signal
*	 Fit new component. or In conjunction with a tool: Clean the surface.
	Dispose of component correctly.
X	Dispose of component at a suitable collec- tion point. Do not dispose of component in domestic waste.

The steps in connection with commissioning, inspection and maintenance are found in the "Commissioning, inspection and maintenance" section and identified as follows:

Symbol	Meaning
¢°	Steps required during commissioning
¢°	Not required during commissioning

Symbol	Meaning
Steps required during inspection	
	Not required during inspection
<i>سک</i> ر	Steps required during maintenance
Je sta	Not required during maintenance

Intended use

The appliance is intended solely for installation and operation in sealed unvented heating systems that comply with EN 12828, with due attention paid to the associated installation, service and operating instructions. It is only designed for heating up heating water that is of potable water quality.

Intended use presupposes that a fixed installation in conjunction with permissible, system-specific components has been carried out.

Commercial or industrial usage for a purpose other than heating the building or DHW shall be deemed inappropriate. Any usage beyond this must be approved by the manufacturer in each individual case.

Incorrect usage or operation of the appliance (e.g. the appliance being opened by the system user) is prohibited and will result in an exclusion of liability. Incorrect usage also occurs if the components in the heating system are modified from their intended use (e.g. if the flue gas and ventilation air paths are sealed).

Product information

Vitodens 200-W, type B2HA

The selected gas category in the delivered condition and the associated nominal gas pressure are given on the boiler type plate. The type plate also shows the other gas types and pressures with which the boiler can be operated. A conversion within the stated natural gas groups is not required. For switching to LPG or natural gas M (without conversion kit), see "Commissioning, inspection and maintenance".

The **Vitodens 200-W** may only be delivered to countries listed on the type plate. For deliveries to other countries, approved contractors must arrange individual approval on their own initiative and in accordance with the law of the country in question.

System examples

System examples with hydraulic and electrical connection diagrams and function descriptions are available to help setting up the heating system.

Spare parts lists

Information about spare parts can be found on the Viessmann spare parts app.



Multi boiler system

For the installation of a multi boiler system, observe the installation instructions for the multi boiler system accessories.

Detailed information on system examples can be found at: www.viessmann-schemes.com

Preparing for installation

Dimensions and connections

Please note

To prevent appliance damage, connect all pipework free of load and torque stress.

With integral low loss header

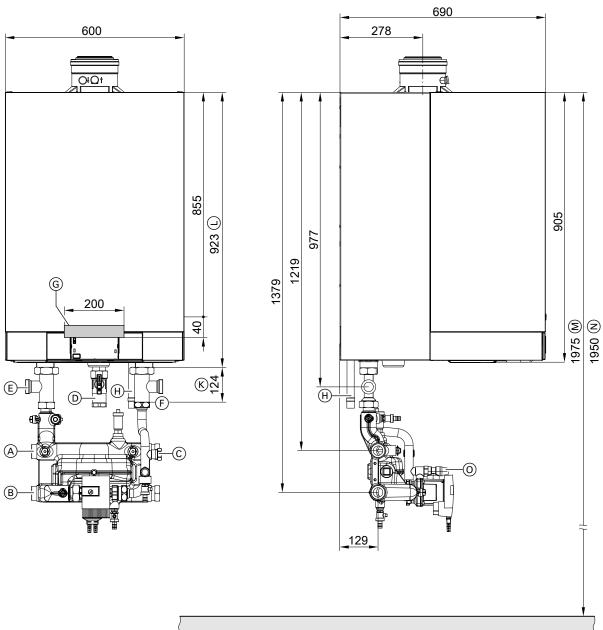


Fig. 1

- A Heating flow G 2
- B Heating return G 2
- © Expansion vessel G 1
- D Gas connection R 1
- € Cylinder flow G 1½
- F Cylinder return G 11/2
- G Cable entry area at the back

- $(\ensuremath{\boldsymbol{\textbf{H}}})$ Condensate drain
- If DHW cylinder connection set (accessories) is being used
- (L) Without connection sets (accessories)
- M Recommended dimension (single boiler system)
- N Recommended dimension (multi boiler system)
- O Safety valve

Preparing for installation (cont.)

Without low loss header

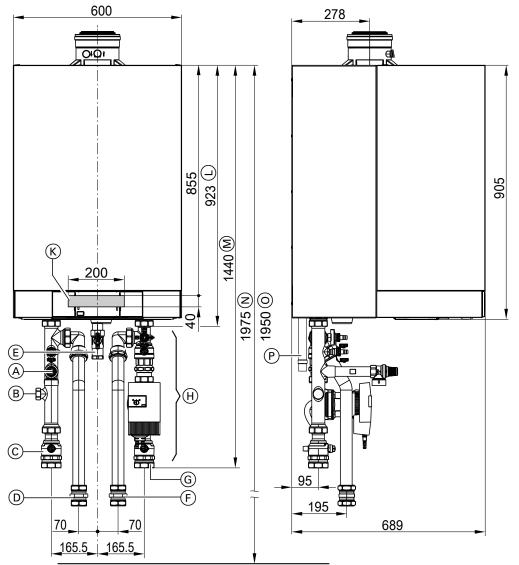


Fig. 2

- (A) Safety valve
- B Expansion vessel connection G 1
- C Boiler flow \oslash 54 mm
- D Cylinder flow \oslash 42 mm
- (E) Gas connection R 1
- (F) Cylinder return \oslash 42 mm
- \bigcirc Boiler return \oslash 54 mm
- (H) Connection sets (accessories, shown without the thermal insulation supplied)

Preparing for boiler installation

Note

This boiler (IP rating: IP X4 D) is approved for installation in wet rooms inside safety zone 1, to VDE 0100, providing hosed water is prevented. Observe DIN VDE 0100.

1. Prepare the water connections. Thoroughly flush the heating system.

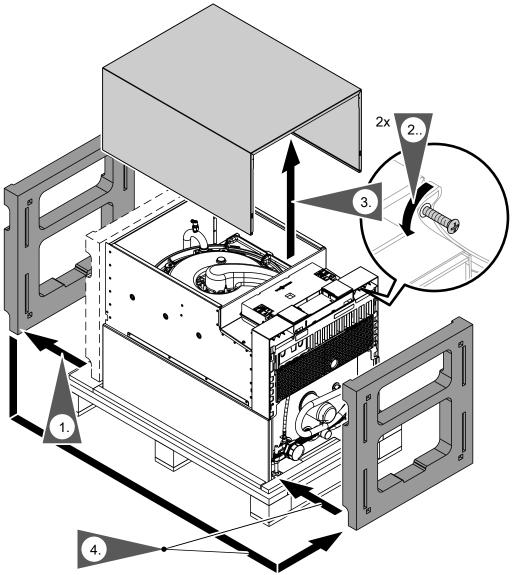
- K Cable entry area at the back
- (L) Without connection set (accessories)
- M With connection set (accessories)
- N Recommended dimension (single boiler system without mounting frame)
- Recommended dimension (multi boiler system and single boiler system with mounting frame)
- $(\ensuremath{\mathbb{P}})$ Condensate drain
- 2. Prepare gas connection to TRGI [or local regulations].

Preparing for installation (cont.)

- 3. Prepare the electrical connections.
 - Power cable: flexible cable 3 x 1.5 mm². Leave the earth conductor (PE) longer than the 'live' conductors L1 and N. Max. fuse rating 16 A, 230 V~.
 - Accessory cables: 0.75 mm² flexible PVC cable with required number of cores for external connections.
 - Allow all cables in the marked area to protrude 1400 mm from the wall. See previous diagram.

Mounting the boiler and making connections

Removing boiler from packaging and levelling



- *Fig.* 3 **1.** Remove packing cushions and keep them safe. They are used as a support during levelling.
- 2. Undo the 2 screws on the underside.
- 3. Remove front panel.
- 4. Push packing cushions onto the underside of the boiler.

Installation

Mounting the boiler and making connections (cont.)

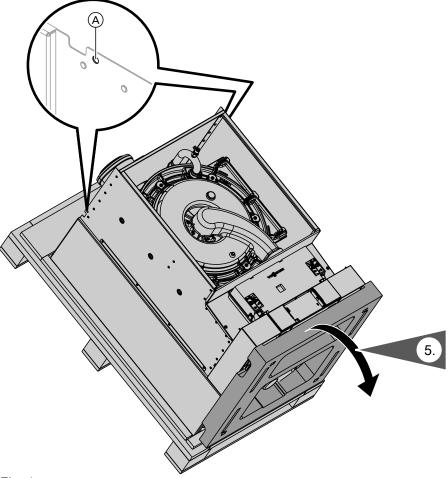


Fig. 4

(A) \oslash 9 mm drilled holes for attaching lifting gear

5. Please note

To prevent damage, do not level boiler without packing cushions.

Level boiler with pallet.

Fitting the wall mounting bracket

Note

The enclosed screws and rawl plugs are only suitable for concrete. For other construction materials, use fixing materials that are suitable for 145 kg loads.

Mounting the boiler and making connections (cont.)

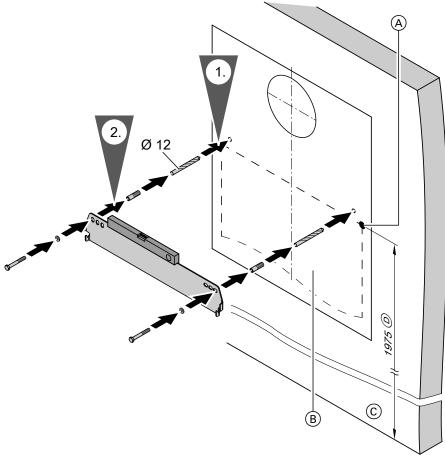
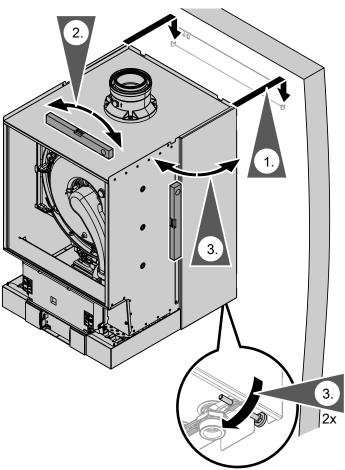


Fig. 5

- (A) Reference point, boiler top edge(B) Installation template (included with the boiler)
- C Top edge, finished floorD Recommendation

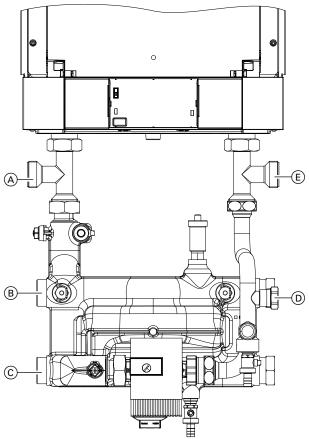
Mounting the boiler and making connections (cont.)

Hooking the boiler onto the wall mounting bracket and levelling it



Connection on the heating water side

With integral low loss header

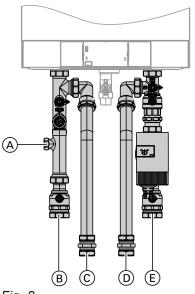




- A Cylinder flow
 B Heating flow
 C Heating return
 D Expansion vessel
- © Cylinder return

Connection on the heating water side (cont.)

Without low loss header



Connect the boiler to the on-site pipework.

Note

Connection situation shown with the connection sets that are available as accessories. Provide the required connections when using on-site fittings.

- (A) Expansion vessel connection
- (B) Boiler flow
- © Cylinder flow
- D Cylinder return
- (E) Boiler return

Flue gas connection

Note

The "System certificate" and "Skoberne GmbH flue system" labels enclosed with the technical documentation may only be used in conjunction with the Viessmann flue system made by Skoberne.

Do not carry out commissioning until the following conditions are met:

- Free passage through the flue gas pipes.
- Flue system with positive pressure is gas-tight.
- Inspection port covers checked for secure and tight seating.
- Apertures for ensuring sufficient combustion air supply are open and cannot be closed off.
- Applicable regulations on installing and commissioning flue systems have been followed.



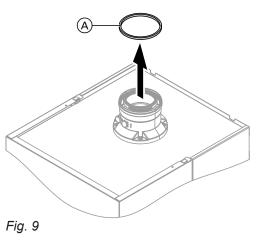
Danger

Leaking or blocked flue systems or an insufficient supply of combustion air cause life threatening poisoning due to carbon monoxide in the flue gas.

Ensure the flue system functions correctly. Apertures for combustion air supply must not be able to be closed off.

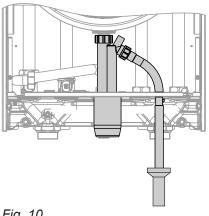
Prevent condensate drainage via a wind protector.

Flue gas connection (cont.)





Condensate connection



- 1. Pull the condensate hose far enough out so that no unnecessary bends are created inside the boiler. Check the tightness of the trap connection.
- 2. Connect the condensate hose with a constant fall and a pipe vent to the drain network or to a neutralising system.

Note Observe local waste water regulations.

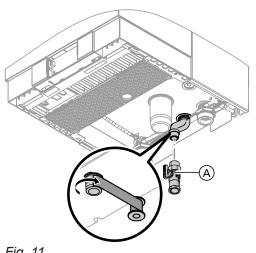
1. Only for open flue operation:

Remove outer gasket (ventilation air).

2. Connect flue pipe or balanced flue pipe.

Fig. 10

Gas connection



Information on operation with LPG When installing the boiler in rooms below ground level we recommend fitting an external safety solenoid valve.

1. Seal gas shut-off valve (A) into the gas connection.

Fig. 11

Gas connection (cont.)

2. Carry out a tightness test.

Note

Only use suitable and approved leak detection agents (EN 14291) and devices for the tightness test. Leak detection agents with unsuitable constituents (e.g. nitrides, sulphides) can cause material damage.

Remove residues of the leak detection agent after testing.

Please note

Excessive test pressure will damage the boiler and the gas train.

> Max. test pressure 150 mbar (15 kPa). Where higher pressure is required for tightness tests, disconnect the boiler and the gas train from the main supply pipe (undo the fitting).

Opening the control unit enclosure

Please note

Electronic assemblies can be damaged by electrostatic discharge.

Prior to commencing any work, touch earthed objects such as heating or water pipes to discharge static loads.

3. Purge the gas line.

Conversion to alternative gas types: See "Commissioning, inspection and maintenance".

Opening the control unit enclosure (cont.)

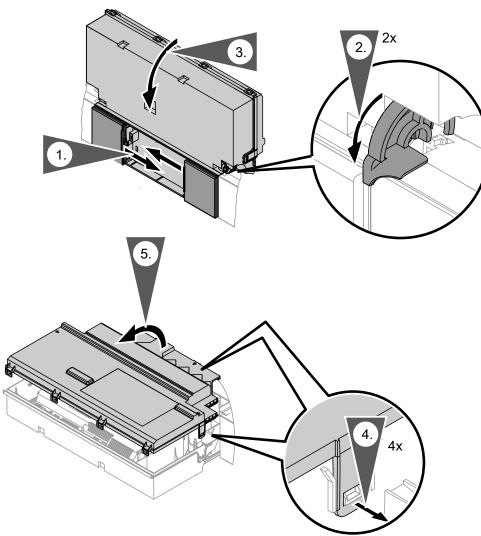


Fig. 12

Electrical connections

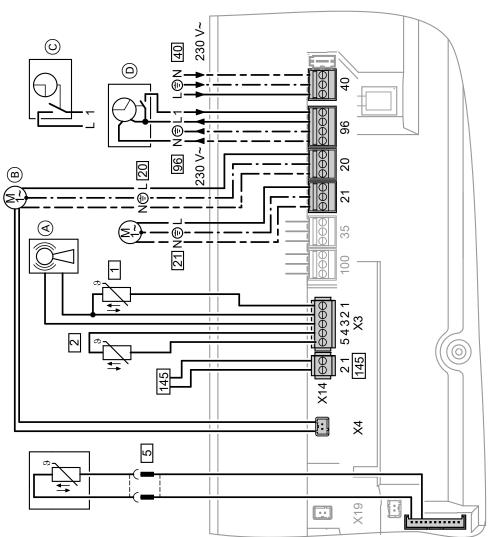


Fig. 13

- A Radio clock receiver
- B Heating circuit pump or boiler circuit pump

Connections to 230 V~ plugs

- 20 Boiler circuit pump or heating circuit pump, variable speed with 0 10 V connection
- 21 Circulation pump, connection options:
 - DHW circulation pump
 - External heating circuit pump
 - Circulation pump for cylinder heating
- 40 Power supply
- 96 Power supply for accessories
 - External demand/blocking
 - Vitotrol 100 UTA
 - Vitotrol 100 UTDB
 - Vitotrol 100 UTDB-RF

- C Vitotrol 100 UTDB (only for constant temperature control units)
 When making this connection, remove jumper between "1" and "L".
- D Vitotrol 100 UTA (only for constant temperature control units)

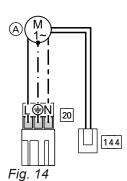
or Vitotrol 100 UTDB-RF wireless receiver When making this connection, remove jumper between "1" and "L".

Connections to LV plugs

- 1 Outside temperature sensor
- 2 Flow temperature sensor for low loss header (accessories)

- 5 Cylinder temperature sensor (supplied with DHW cylinder connection set)
- 145 KM-BUS subscriber (accessories)
 - Vitotrol 200-A or 300-A remote control
 - Vitocom 100
 - Mixer extension kit
 - Solar control module, type SM1
 - Vitosolic
 - AM1 extension
 - EA1 extension
 - Wireless base station

Circulation pump at plug 20



- A High-efficiency circulation pump, speed-controlled
 - via 0 10 V control voltage

Circulation pump VI Para 30/1-12

Rated voltage		V~	230
Power consumption	max.	W	310
	min.		16

Adjust function of circulation pump

Hydraulic connection/connection require- ments	Control unit setting Coding address/group	Circulation pump setting
 Single boiler system with: Heating circuit without mixer Connection without low loss header and without heating water buffer cylinder 	 Max. pump speed: E6: /heating circuit Min. pump speed: E7: /heating circuit For further details, see following diagram and chapter "Heating circuit" under code 2. 	Ext. In 2 2 7 6 7 12 12
Single boiler system Connection of the heating circuits to the heating water buffer cylinder	30:0/Boiler/2	Ext. In $2 \parallel 2, \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}$ Recommended for Δt = 15 K 120 kW: = 3 \triangleq 6.87 m ³ /h 150 kW: = 6 \triangleq 8.60 m ³ /h

Insert plug 144 (0 - 10 V connection) at X4.

them.

Information on connecting accessories

arate installation instructions provided with

When connecting accessories observe the sep-

Rated current	2(1) A~
Rated voltage	230 V ~

Hydraulic connection/connection require- ments	Control unit setting Coding address/group	Circulation pump setting
Single boiler system Connection of heating circuits with connection set with integral low loss header	30:0/boiler/2	Ext. In 2] 2 6,
		Recommended for Δt = 15 K 120 kW: = 4 ≙ 6.87 m³/h 150 kW: = 6 ≙ 8.40 m³/h
Multi boiler system	30:0/Boiler/2	Ext. In 2 2 2 6
		Recommended for ∆t = 15 K ■ 120 kW: = 3 ≙ 6.87 m ³ /h ■ 150 kW: = 6 ≙ 8.60 m ³ /h
Multi-stage circulation pump (on site)	30:0/Boiler/2	

Residual head of circulation pump (coding address E6 and E7)

When connecting a heating circuit without mixer and without low loss header or heating water buffer cylinder, the circulation pump is controlled as a function of the outside temperature. The min. and max. speeds of the circulation pump are limited by the settings for coding addresses E6 and E7.

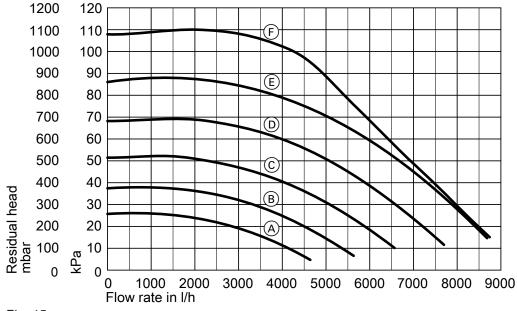


Fig. 15

Setting for coding addresses E6, E7

Curve	Coding address value	Pump rate, circula- tion pump
B	50	50 %
C	60	60 %
D	70	70 %
E	80	80 %
F	90	90 %
G	100	100 %

Circulation pump at plug 21



Rated current	2(1) A~
Rated voltage	230 V ~

Set function of connected component in coding address "39"

Function	Code
DHW circulation pump	39:0
Heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer A1	39:1
Circulation pump for cylinder heating (delivered condition)	39:2

(A) Circulation pump

Note

Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V \sim supply.

External demand via switching contact

Connection options:

- EA1 extension (accessory, see separate installation instructions)
- Plug 96

When the contact is closed, burner operation is loaddependent. The boiler water is heated to the set value selected in parameter/coding address "9b" in the "General"/1 group. The boiler water temperature is limited by this set value and by the electronic maximum limit (coding address "06" in the "Boiler"/2 group).

Please note

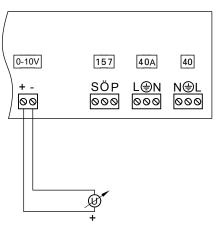
Live contacts lead to short circuits or phase failure.

The external connection **must be floating** and meet the requirements of protection class II.

Plug 96	EA1 extension
 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	DE1 DE2 DE3 Image: Image of the state of the stateo
 Parameters/codes "4b:1" in the "General"/1 group Effect of the function on the relevant heating circuit pump: Parameter/coding address "d7" in the "Heating circuit" group (only for weather-compensated control units) Effect of the function on the circulation pump for cylinder heating: Parameter/coding address "5F" in the "DHW"/3 group 	 Parameters/codes Set "3A" (DE1), "3b" (DE2) or "3C" (DE3) to 2 in the "General"/1 group Effect of the function on the relevant heating circuit pump: Parameter/coding address "d7" in the "Heating circuit" group (only for weather-compensated control units) Effect of the function on the circulation pump for cylinder heating: Parameter/coding address "5F" in the "DHW"/3 group

External demand via 0 – 10 V input

Connection at 0 - 10 V input at **EA1 extension**. Ensure DC separation between the earth conductor and the negative pole of the on-site power source.



0 to 1 V	No specification for set boiler water temperature	
1 V	Set value 10 °C	
10 V	Set value 100 °C	

Fig. 17

External blocking via switching contact

Connection options:

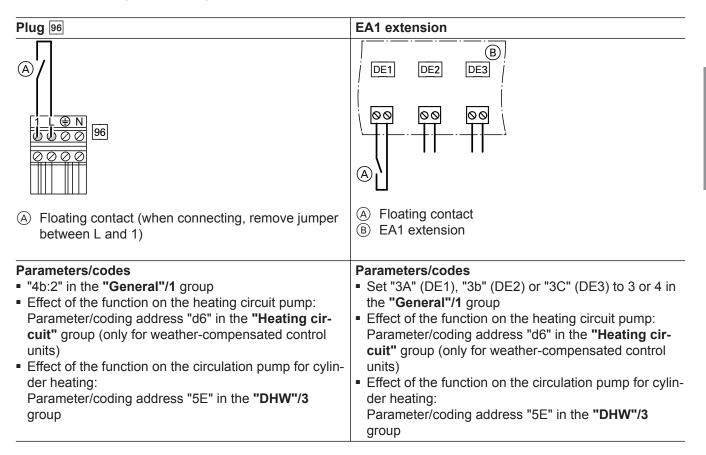
- Plug 96
- EA1 extension (accessory, see separate installation instructions)

When the contact is closed, the burner is switched off. The heating circuit pump and (if installed) the circulation pump for cylinder heating are switched according to the set parameter/code (see the following table "Parameters/codes").

Please note

Live contacts lead to short circuits or phase failure.

The external connection **must be floating** and meet the requirements of protection class II.



Outside temperature sensor 1

Fitting outside temperature sensor RF (wireless accessory):

Wireless base station

Fitting location for outside temperature sensor

- North or north-westerly wall, 2 to 2.5 m above ground level; in multi storey buildings, in the top half of the second floor
- Not above windows, doors or vents

Power supply for accessories at plug 96

230 V ~

Where the boiler is sited in a wet room, accessories outside the wet area must not be connected to the power supply at the control unit. If the boiler is not sited in a wet room, the power supply for accessories can be connected at the control unit. This connection is switched directly with the ON/OFF switch of the control unit.

- Not immediately below balconies or gutters
- Never render over

Outside temperature sensor connection

2-core lead, length up to 35 m with a cross-section of 1.5 \mbox{mm}^2

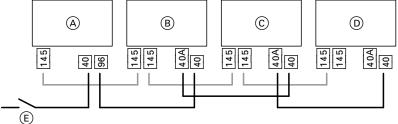
Power supply and KM BUS connection of accessories

/ Danger

Incorrectly executed electrical installations can result in injuries from electrical current and damage to the appliance.

- Route extra low voltage (ELV) leads < 42 V and > 42 V/230 V~ cables separately.
- Strip as little of the insulation is possible, directly before the terminals, and bundle tightly to the corresponding terminals.
- Secure cables with cable ties.

Power supply to all accessories via heat source control unit





Some accessories with direct power supply

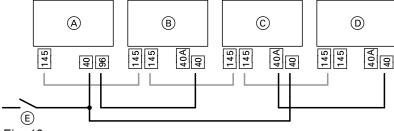


Fig. 19

- (A) Heat source control unit
- B Extension kit for heating circuit with mixer M2
- © Extension kit for heating circuit with mixer M3
- AM1 extension, EA1 extension and/or solar control module, type SM1

If the current flowing to the connected working parts (e.g. circulation pumps) is higher than the fuse rating of the respective accessory: Only use the output concerned to control an on-site relay.

- (E) ON/OFF switch
- 40 Mains input
- 40 A Power outlet
- 96 Control unit power outlet
- 145 KM BUS connection

Accessories	Internal fuse protec- tion
Extension kit for heating circuit with mixer	2 A
AM1 extension	4 A
EA1 extension	2 A
Solar control module, type SM1	2 A

Power supply 40



Danger

Incorrectly executed electrical installations can result in injuries from electrical current and in damage to the appliance.

Connect the power supply and implement all safety measures (e.g. RCD circuit) in accordance with the following regulations:

- IEC 60364-4-41
- VDE regulations
- Connection conditions of the local grid operator
- Remove any existing individual cores.



Danger

- Incorrect core assignment can result in serious injury and damage to the appliance. Do **not** interchange cores "L1" and "N".
- Install an isolator in the power cable to provide omnipolar separation from the mains for all active conductors, corresponding to overvoltage category III (3 mm) for full isolation. This isolator must be fitted in the permanent electrical installation, in line with the installation requirements.

We additionally recommend installing an AC/DCsensitive RCD (RCD class B 🖂 🚍) for DC (fault) currents that can occur with energy efficient equipment.

Routing connecting cables/leads

Please note

If connecting cables come into contact with hot components they will be damaged. When routing and securing connecting cables on site, ensure that the maximum permissible temperatures for these cables are not exceeded.

- If the mains connection is made with a flexible power cable, it must be ensured that the live conductors are pulled taut before the earth conductor in the event of strain relief failure. The length of the earth conductor wire will depend on the design.
- Max. fuse rating 16 A



The absence of component earthing can lead to serious injury from electric current if an electrical fault occurs. The appliance and pipework must be connected to the equipotential bonding of the build

ted to the equipotential bonding of the building.

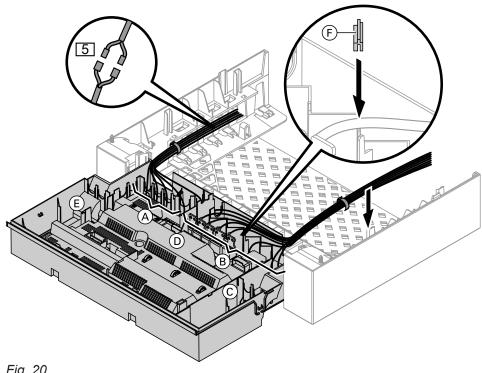


Fig. 20

- (A) LV terminals
- B 230 V terminals
- © Internal extension
- D Main PCB

Remove the existing cable grommet when using cables with a larger cross-section (up to \oslash 14 mm). Secure the cable with cable grommet $\ensuremath{\mathbb{F}}$ integrated into the casing base (black).

- (E) Communication module
- (F) Cable grommet for power cable
- 5 Plugs for connecting the cylinder temperature sensor to the cable harness

Closing the control unit enclosure and inserting the programming unit

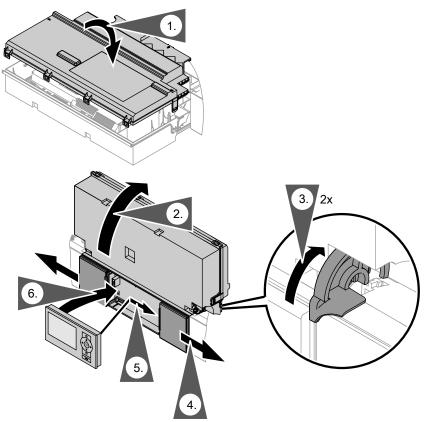


Fig. 21

Insert the programming unit (packed separately) into the control unit support.

Note

The programming unit can also be inserted into a wall mounting base (accessories) near the boiler.

Wall mounting base installation instructions

💣 👁 🗲 Steps - commissioning, inspection and maintenance

			 Commissioning steps 	
			 Inspection steps 	
V	V	V	Maintenance steps F	Page
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•			2. Filling the heating system	33
•			3. Selecting the language (if required) – only for weather-compensated control units	35
•	•		4. Setting the time and date (if required) – only for weather-compensated control	
			units	
•			5. Venting the heating system	. 35
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•			33. Connecting the control unit to the LON	
		•	34. Calling up and resetting the "Service" display	
•	•	•	35. Fitting the front panel	
•			36. Instructing the system user	52

💣 👁 🖌 Opening the boiler

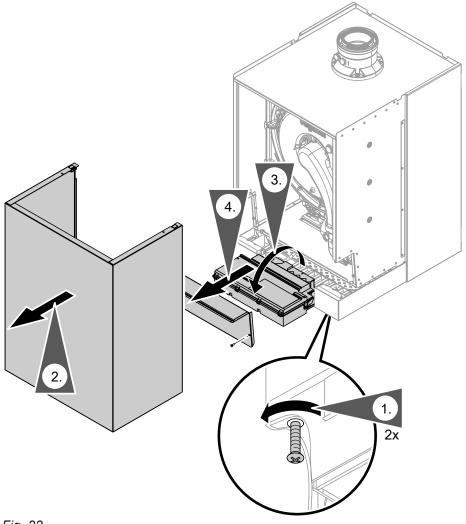


Fig. 22



Filling the heating system

Fill water

According to EN 1717 with DIN 1988-100, as a heat transfer medium for DHW heating, the heating water must meet fluid category \leq 3. This requirement is met if water of potable quality is used as heating water. For example, if additives are used, the additive manufacturer must specify which category the treated heating water comes under.

Please note

Unsuitable fill water increases the level of deposits and corrosion and may lead to appliance damage.

- Flush the heating system thoroughly before filling.
- Only use fill water of potable water quality.
- Special antifreeze suitable for heating systems can be added to the fill water. The antifreeze manufacturer must verify its suitability.
- Fill and top-up water with a water hardness in excess of the following values must be softened, e.g. with a small softening system for heating water.

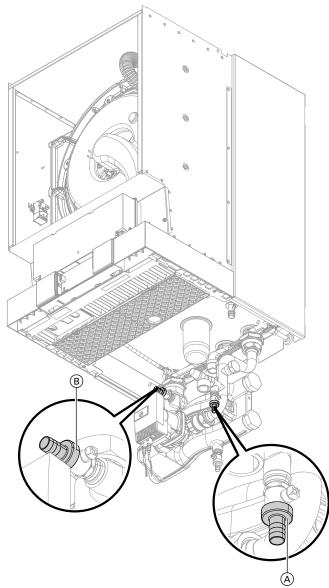
Total permissible hardness of the fill and top-up water

lotal heating output	Specific system volume			
kW	< 20 l/kW	≥ 20 I/kW to < 50 I/kW	≥ 50 l/kW	
≤ 50	≤ 3.0 mol/m ³ (16.8 °dH)	≤ 2.0 mol/m ³ (11.2 °dH)	< 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)	
> 50 to ≤ 200	≤ 2.0 mol/m ³ (11.2 °dH)	≤ 1.5 mol/m ³ (8.4 °dH)	< 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)	

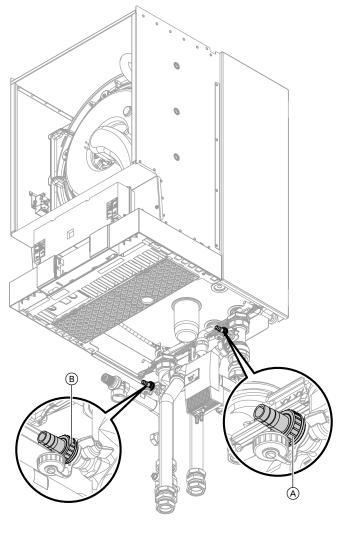
🔗 💿 🌽 Filling the heating system (cont.)

Total heating output	Specific system volume		
kW	< 20 l/kW	≥ 20 I/kW to < 50 I/kW	≥ 50 l/kW
> 200 to ≤ 600	≤ 1.5 mol/m ³ (8.4 °dH)	≤ 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)	< 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)
> 600	< 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)	< 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)	< 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)

With low loss header



Without low loss header



- 1. Check the pre-charge pressure of the diaphragm expansion vessel.
- 2. Close the gas shut-off valve.
- Connect supply hose to boiler drain & fill valve A. Push the drain hose onto valve B and connect to a drain outlet.
- Fill the heating system via boiler drain & fill valve (a) until no more air bubbles are visible. Minimum system pressure > 1.0 bar (0.1 MPa). Permiss. operating pressure: 6 bar (0.6 MPa).
- 5. Close boiler drain & fill valve (A) and drain valve (B).



Selecting the language (if required) – only for weather-compensated control units

At the commissioning stage, the display is in German (factory setting).

Extended menu:

- 1. 🗮
- 2. "Settings"
- 3. "Language"
- 4. Set the required language with ▲/▼.

Sprache	
Deutsch	DE 🗹
Bulgarski	BG 🗌
Cesky	CZ 🗌
Dansk	DK 🗌
Wählen mit	

When time and date have been set, the control unit

automatically checks the function of the flue gas tem-

perature sensor. The display shows: "Test, flue gas

For further details regarding the flue gas temperature

Fig. 23

Note

4. Set current time and date.

temp sensor" and "Active".

3. Check the system pressure.

sensor test, see page 96.

Setting the time and date (if required) – only for weather-compensated control units

The time and date need to be reset during commissioning or after a prolonged time out of use (approx. 18 days).

- 1. 🗮
- 2. "Settings"
- 3. "Time / Date"



Venting the heating system

- 1. Close the gas shut-off valve and switch the control unit ON.
- 2. Activate the venting program (see following steps).
 - Note

For function and sequence of the venting program, see page 107.

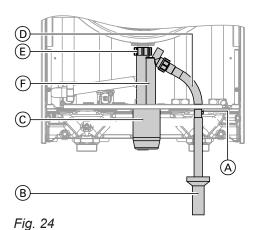
Activating the venting function

Weather-compensated control unit	Constant temperature control unit
Service menu	Service menu
1. Press OK and E simultaneously for approx. 4 s.	1. Press OK and E simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
2. "Service functions"	2. Select "⑤" with) and confirm with OK.
3. "Venting"	"ON" flashes.
Venting function is enabled.	3. Activate the venting function with OK .
4. Ending venting function:	"EL on" is shown constantly.
Press OK or 五.	4. Ending venting function:
	Press 🗂.

Commissioning, inspection, maintenance



Filling the trap with water



- 1. Pull off cap (C) downwards.
- **2.** Undo hose D.
- **3.** Undo union nut \bigcirc and pull off trap \bigcirc downwards.
- **4.** Fill trap (F) with water and refit.
- 5. Refit hose (D).
- 6. Push on cap (C) from below.

Checking all connections on the heating water and DHW sides for leaks

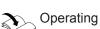


Checking the power supply

Designating heating circuits - only for weather-compensated control units Ő

In the delivered condition, heating circuits are designated "Heating circuit 1", "Heating circuit 2" and "Heating circuit 3" (if installed).

If the system user prefers, heating circuits can be renamed to suit the specific system.



Operating instructions

To enter names for heating circuits:



Checking the gas type

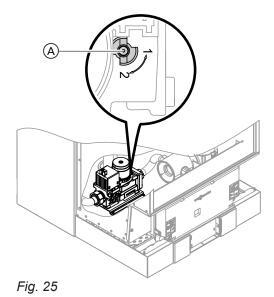
The boiler is equipped with an electronic combustion controller that adjusts the burner for optimum combustion in accordance with the prevailing gas quality.

For operation with natural gas, no adjustment is therefore required across the entire Wobbe index range.

The boiler can be operated in the Wobbe index range 9.5 to 15.2 kWh/m³ (34.2 to 54.7 MJ/m³).

- For operation with LPG, the burner must be converted (see "Converting the gas type" on page 37).
- 1. Determine the gas type and Wobbe index by asking your local gas supply utility or LPG supplier.
- 2. For operation with LPG, convert the burner (see page 37).
- 3. Record the gas type in the report on page 114.

Gas type conversion (only for operation with LPG)



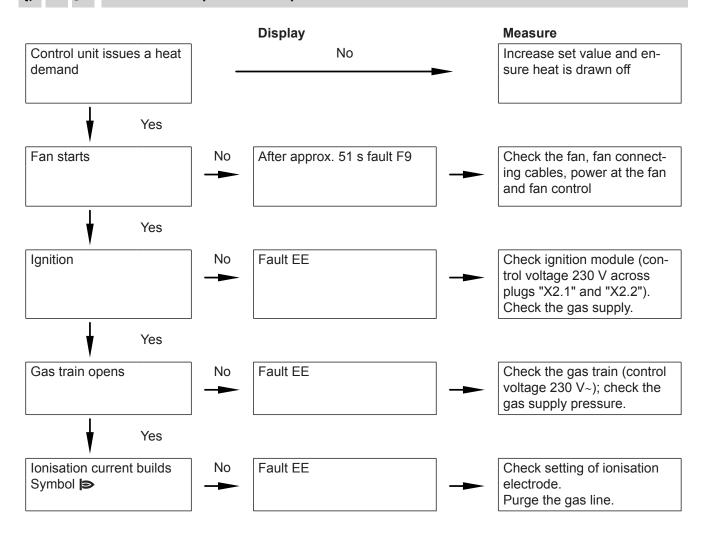
1. Set adjusting screw (A) on the gas train to "2".

- 2. Turn ON/OFF switch "⁽¹⁾ to ON.
- 3. Select the gas type in coding address "82":
 - Calling up code 2
 - Call up "General" (weather-compensated control unit) or
 - Group "1" (constant temperature control unit)
 - In coding address "11", select value "9"
 - In coding address "82", select value "1" (LPG operation)
 - In code "11", select value ≠ "9".
 - End service functions.
- 4. Open the gas shut-off valve.
- **5.** Affix label "G 31" (included with the technical documentation) in a clearly visible position near the gas train on the cover panel.

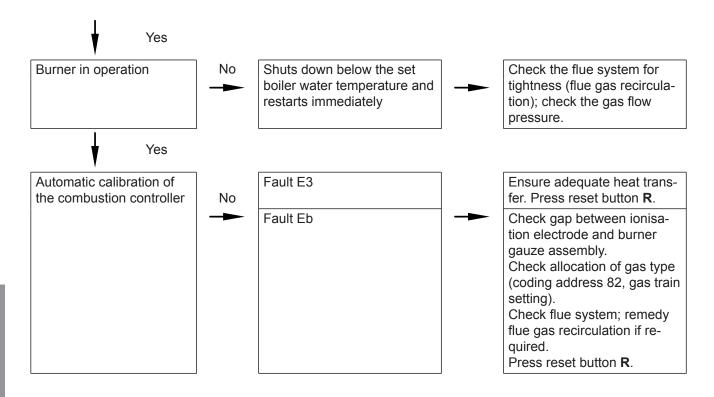
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Function sequence and possible faults



Function sequence and possible faults (cont.)



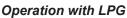
Checking the static pressure and supply pressure

For further details regarding faults, see page 84.



Danger

CO formation as a result of incorrect burner adjustment can have serious health implications. Always carry out a CO test before and after work on gas appliances.



Purge the LPG tank twice on commissioning or replacement. Vent the tank and gas connection line thoroughly after purging.

- 1. Close the gas shut-off valve.
- 2. Undo screw (A) inside test connector "PE" on the gas train, but do not remove it, and connect the pressure gauge.
- 3. Open the gas shut-off valve.
- Check the static pressure and record the actual value in the report on page 114. Set value: Max. 57.5 mbar (5.75 kPa)
- 5. Start the boiler.

Note

During commissioning, the appliance can enter a fault state because of airlocks in the gas line. After approx. 5 s, press **R** to reset the burner.

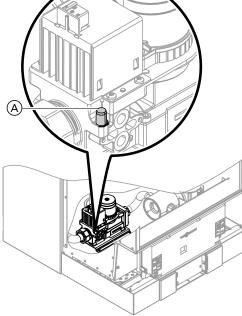


Fig. 26

Checking the static pressure and supply pressure (cont.)

6. Check the supply (flow) pressure. For set values, see the following table.

Note

Use a suitable measuring device with a resolution of at least 0.1 mbar (0.01 kPa) to check the supply pressure.

- **7.** Record the actual value in the report. Proceed as indicated in the following table.

9. A Danger

Gas escaping from the test connector leads to a risk of explosion. Check for gas tightness.

Open the gas shut-off valve, start the boiler and check for tightness at test connector (A).

Supply pressure (flow pressure)					Measures	
For natural gas				For LPG	-	
Н	E, E+, M	L, LL, S, K	Lw			
Below 13 mbar (1.3 kPa)	Below 17 mbar (1.7 kPa)	Below 18 mbar (1.8 kPa)	Below 16 mbar (1.6 kPa)	Below 25 mbar (2.5 kPa)	Do not commission the boiler. Notify your gas supply utility or LPG supplier.	
13 to 33 mbar (1.3 to 3.3 kPa)	17 to 33 mbar (1.7 to 3.3 kPa)	18 to 33 mbar (1.8 to 3.3 kPa)	16 to 33 mbar (1.6 to 3.3 kPa)	25 to 57.5 mbar (2.5 to 5.75 kPa)	Start the boiler.	
Above 33 mbar (3.3 kPa)	Above 33 mbar (3.3 kPa)	Above 33 mbar (3.3 kPa)	Above 33 mbar (3.3 kPa)	Above 57.5 mbar (5.75 kPa)	Install a separate gas pressure governor upstream of the sys- tem. Set the pre-charge pres- sure to 20 mbar (2.0 kPa) for natural gas and 50 mbar (5.0 kPa) for LPG. Notify your gas supply utility or LPG suppli- er.	



Setting the max. heating output

A limit can be set on the maximum heating output for **heating operation**. The limit is set via the modulation range. The upper limit of the max. adjustable heating output is set by the coding card.

Setting the max. heating output (cont.)

Weather-compensated control unit	Constant temperature control unit		
Service menu	Service menu		
1. Press OK and E simultaneously for approx. 4 s.	1. Press OK and E simultaneously for approx. 4 s.		
2. "Service functions"	2. Select "③" with) and confirm with OK.		
3. "Max. output"	The display shows "FL" and "ON" flashes.		
 "Change?" Select "Yes". A value is shown on the display (e.g. "85"). In the delivered condition, this value represents 100 % of rated heating output. Set the required value. 	 Confirm with OK and ensure the flow rate is sufficient. While flow rate measuring is active, "FL" flashes on the display and "ON" is shown. When the required flow rate is reached, the set heating output (e.g. "85") flashes on the display and "> is shown. In the delivered condition, this value represents 100 % of rated heating output. Select required value and confirm with OK. 		



Checking the balanced flue system for tightness (annular gap check)

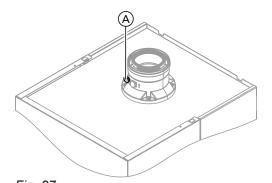


Fig. 27

(A) Combustion air aperture

For balanced flue systems tested together with the heat generator, there is no requirement for a tightness test (overpressure test) during commissioning by the flue gas inspector. In this case, we recommend that a simple tightness test is carried out during system commissioning. For this, check the CO_2 or O_2 concentration in the combustion air at the annular gap of the balanced flue pipe. If the CO_2 concentration is less than 0.2 % or the O_2 concentration is greater than 20.6 %, the flue pipe is deemed to be sufficiently gas-tight.

If actual CO_2 values are greater or O_2 values are lower, then pressure test the flue pipe with a static pressure of 200 Pa.



Please note

If the test port is not sealed, combustion air is drawn in from the room.

After the tightness test, re-seal the test port with the plug.

Removing the burner and checking the burner gasket

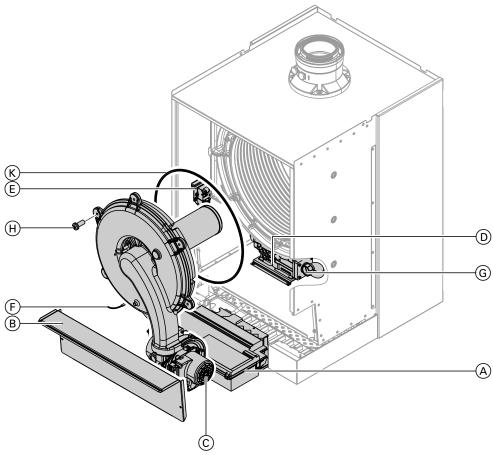


Fig. 28

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- **1.** Turn off the ON/OFF switch on the control unit and the power supply.
- **2.** Close the gas shut-off valve and safeguard against reopening.
- **3.** Unlock control unit \triangle and pivot forwards.
- **4.** Remove cover panel ^(B).
- 5. Pull cables from fan motor (\mathbb{C}) , gas train (\mathbb{D}) , ignition unit (\mathbb{E}) and ionisation electrode (\mathbb{F}) .

- **6.** Undo gas supply pipe fitting **(G)**.
- 7. Undo the 6 screws \oplus and remove the burner.

Please note

- To prevent damage, never touch the mesh of the burner gauze assembly.
- 8. Check burner gasket (K) for damage. Replace gasket if required.

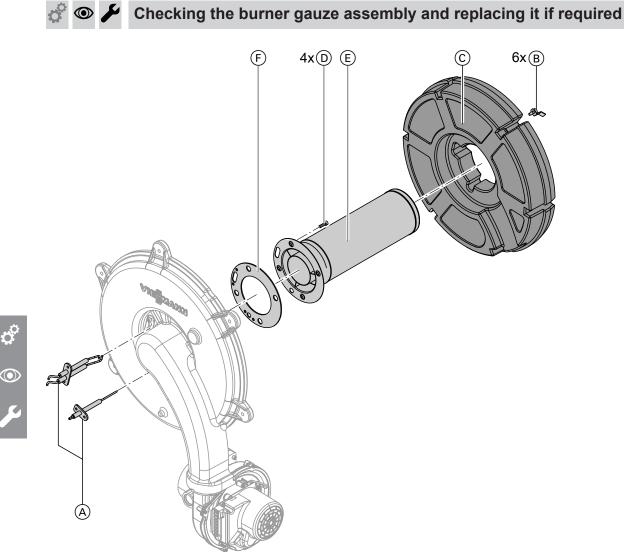


Fig. 29

- **1.** Remove electrodes \triangle .
- **2.** Undo the 6 retaining clips (B) on thermal insulation ring (C) and remove thermal insulation ring (C).
- 3. Undo the 4 Torx screws (D) and remove burner gauze assembly (E) with burner gauze assembly gasket (F).
- Insert new burner gauze assembly (E) with new gasket (F) and secure with 4 Torx screws. Torque: 3.0 Nm
- **5.** Refit thermal insulation ring \bigcirc and electrodes \bigcirc .

Note

Tightening torque for screws of electrodes A and retaining clips B: 3.0 Nm.

🔗 👁 🗲 Checking the back draught safety device

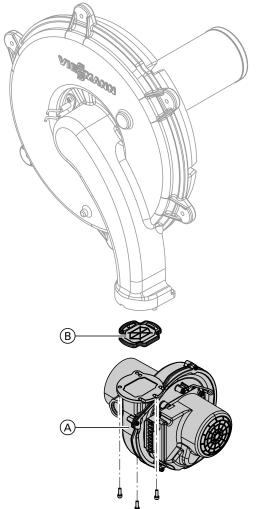


Fig. 30

- 1. Undo the 3 screws and remove fan \triangle .
- **2.** Remove back draught safety device (\mathbb{B}) .
- **3.** Check the damper and gasket for dirt and damage. Replace if required.
- **4.** Refit back draught safety device (B).
- 5. Refit fan (A) and secure with 3 screws. Torque: 3.0 Nm.

Checking and adjusting the ignition and ionisation electrodes

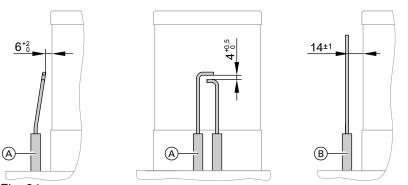


Fig. 31

- (A) Ignition electrodes
- (B) Ionisation electrode

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Commissioning, inspection, maintenance

Checking and adjusting the ignition and... (cont.)

- 1. Check the electrodes for wear and contamination.
- 2. Clean the electrodes with a small brush (not a wire brush) or sandpaper.
 - Please note
 - Burner gauze assembly mesh: Do not damage.

Cleaning the heating surfaces

Please note

Scratches to the surfaces of the heat exchanger that come into contact with hot gas can result in corrosion damage. Brushing can cause deposits to become lodged in the gaps between the coils. **Never use brushes to clean the heating surfaces.**

Please note

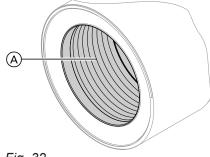
Prevent damage due to cleaning water. Cover electronic components with suitable watertight material.

Note

Discolouration on the heat exchanger surface is a normal sign of use. It has no bearing on the function and service life of the heat exchanger.

The use of chemical cleaning agents is not required.

3. Check the electrode gaps. If the gaps are not as specified or the electrodes are damaged, replace the electrodes and gaskets and adjust them as required. Tighten the electrode fixing screws with a torque of 3 Nm.





- **2.** Flush heating surface (A) with water.
- 3. Check condensate drain. Clean the trap: See the following chapter.



Installing the burner

- 1. Insert the burner and tighten the screws diagonally. Torque: 8.5 Nm
- **2.** Install the gas supply pipe with a new gasket and tighten the fitting. Torque: 15 Nm
- 3. Check the gas connections for tightness.



Danger

Lescaping gas leads to a risk of explosion. Check the fitting for gas tightness.

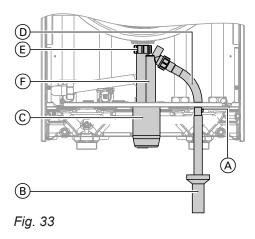
4. Connect the electrical cables/leads to the corresponding components.

Checking the condensate drain and cleaning the trap

Note

If condensate escapes at vent aperture (A) or (B), clean or (if necessary) replace the following drain line.

i 💿 🖌



- **1.** Pull off cap © downwards.
- 2. Undo hose D.
- **3.** Undo union nut (E) and pull trap downwards.
- 4. Clean trap (F).
- 5. Check that the condensate can drain freely to the public sewage system.
- **6.** Fill trap (F) with water and reassemble.
- 7. Refit hose D.
- 8. Push on cap ^(C) from below.

On multi boiler systems:

Clean the trap in the flue gas header as well.



💣 👁 🌽 Checking the diaphragm expansion vessel and system pressure

Checking the condensate drain and cleaning the... (cont.)

Note

Carry out this test on a cold system.

- 1. Drain the system or close the cap valve on the diaphragm expansion vessel and reduce the pressure until the pressure gauge indicates "0".
- 2. If the pre-charge pressure of the diaphragm expansion vessel is lower than the static system pressure: Top up with nitrogen until the pre-charge pressure is 0.1 to 0.2 bar (10 to 20 kPa) higher than the static pressure.
- Top up with water until the charge pressure of the cooled system is 0.1 to 0.2 bar (10 to 20 kPa) higher than the pre-charge pressure of the diaphragm expansion vessel.
 Permiss. operating pressure: 6 bar (0.6 MPa)



Checking the safety valve function

🔍 🌽 Checking the firm seating of electrical connections



Checking all gas equipment for tightness at operating pressure

Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion. Check all gas equipment for tightness. **O**

 \bigcirc

Checking all gas equipment for tightness at... (cont.)

Note

Only use suitable and approved leak detection agents (EN 14291) and devices for the tightness test. Leak detection agents with unsuitable constituents (e.g. nitrides, sulphides) can cause material damage. Remove residues of the leak detection agent after testing.



Checking the combustion quality

The electronic combustion controller automatically ensures optimum combustion quality. During commissioning/maintenance, only the combustion values need to be checked. For this, measure the CO content plus the CO_2 or O_2 content. For a description of the electronic combustion controller functions, see page 111.

Note

Operate the appliance with uncontaminated combustion air to prevent operating faults and damage.

CO content

 The CO content must be < 1000 ppm for all gas types.

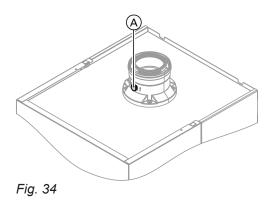
CO₂ or O₂ content

- The CO₂ content must be within the following limits for the lower and upper heating output respectively:
 7.5 to 9.6 % for natural gas E and LL
 - 9.0 to 11.3 % for LPG P
- The O₂ content must be between 3.8 and 7.3 % for all gas types.

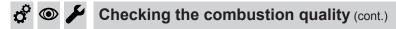
If the actual CO_2 or O_2 values lie outside their respective ranges, check the balanced flue system for tightness, see page 40.

Note

During commissioning, the combustion controller carries out an automatic calibration. Allow approx. 30 s after the burner has started before testing the emissions.



- 1. Connect a flue gas analyser at flue gas port (A) on the boiler flue connection.
- **2.** Open the gas shut-off valve, start the boiler and create a heat demand.
- 3. Set the lower heating output (see page 47).
- Check the CO₂ content. Should the actual value deviate from the aforementioned ranges by more than 1 %, implement measures detailed on page 46.
- 5. Enter the actual value into the report.
- 6. Set the upper heating output (see page 47).
- Check the CO₂ content. Should the actual value deviate from the aforementioned ranges by more than 1 %, implement measures detailed on page 46.
- 8. After testing, press OK.
- 9. Enter the actual value into the report.



Select higher/lower heating output

Weather-compensated control unit	Constant temperature control unit		
Service menu	Service menu		
1. Press OK and E simultaneously for approx. 4 s.	1. Press OK and E simultaneously for approx. 4 s.		
2. "Actuator test"	2. Select "		
Select the lower heating output:	The display shows "I" and "ON" flashes.		
Select "Base load OFF". Then "Base load ON" ap-	3. Select the lower heating output:		
pears and the burner operates at its lower heating	Press OK , "ON" will be displayed constantly.		
output.	4. Select the upper heating output:		
Select the upper heating output:	Press 五.		
Select "Full load OFF". Then "Full load ON" ap-	5. Select "2" with ▶; "ON" flashes.		
pears and the burner operates at its upper heating	6. Press OK , "ON" will be displayed constantly.		
output.	7. Ending output selection:		
5. Ending output selection:	Press 🛨.		
Press 🛨.			

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Checking the flue system for unrestricted flow and tightness

Checking the external LPG safety valve (if installed)

🤊 🔊 🌽 Matching the control unit to the heating system

The control unit must be matched to the equipment level of the system. Various system components are recognised automatically by the control unit and the relevant codes are set automatically. For individual coding steps, see page 53.

Adjusting the heating curves (only for weather-compensated control units)

The heating curves illustrate the relationship between the outside temperature and the boiler water or flow temperature.

To put it simply, the lower the outside temperature, the higher the boiler water or flow temperature.

The boiler water or flow temperature in turn affects the room temperature.

Settings in the delivered condition:

- Slope = 1.4
- Level = 0

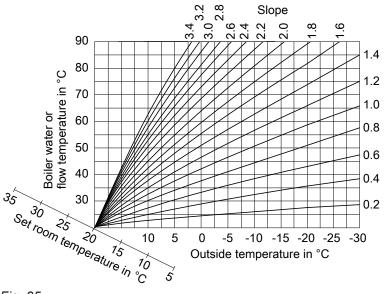
Note

If the heating system includes heating circuits with mixers, then the flow temperature of the heating circuit without mixer is higher by a selected differential (8 K in the delivered condition) than the flow temperature of the heating circuits with mixers.

The differential temperature is adjustable via coding address "9F" in the **"General"** group.

 \bigcirc

Adjusting the heating curves (only for... (cont.)





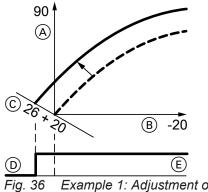
Slope setting ranges:

- Underfloor heating systems: 0.2 to 0.8
- Low temperature heating systems: 0.8 to 1.6

Selecting the set room temperature

Individually adjustable for each heating circuit. The heating curve is offset along the set room temperature axis. With the heating circuit pump logic function active, the curve modifies the start and stop characteristics of the heating circuit pump.

Standard set room temperature



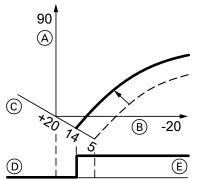
ig. 36 Example 1: Adjustment of the standard set room temperature from 20 to 26 °C

- (A) Boiler water temperature or flow temperature in °C
- B Outside temperature in °C
- © Set room temperature in °C
- D Heating circuit pump "OFF"
- (E) Heating circuit pump "ON"

Changing the standard set room temperature

Operating instructions

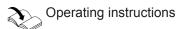
Reduced set room temperature





- A Boiler water temperature or flow temperature in °C
- (B) Outside temperature in °C
- © Set room temperature in °C
- D Heating circuit pump "OFF"
- E Heating circuit pump "ON"

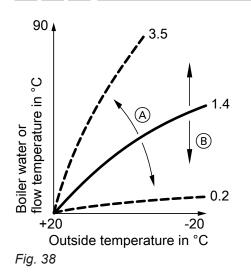
Changing the reduced set room temperature



Changing the slope and level

Individually adjustable for each heating circuit.

Adjusting the heating curves (only for... (cont.)



Press the following buttons for the extended menu:

1. . to call up the menu.

2. "Heating"	select
3. ◀/ ►	to select the heating circuit.
4. "Heating curve"	select
5. "Slope" or "Level"	to change the heating curve in accordance with requirements.

The same subscriber number must not be allocated

Only one Vitotronic may be programmed as fault

- (A) Changing the slope
- (B) Changing the level (vertical parallel offset of the heating curve)

🖇 💿 🌽 Connecting the control unit to the LON

The LON communication module must be plugged in.

Note

The data transfer via LON can take several minutes.

Example: Single boiler system with Vitotronic 200-H and Vitocom 200

Set the LON subscriber numbers and further functions via code 2 (see the following table).

All coding addresses in the table are listed in the "General" group.

Boiler control unit	Vitotronic 200-H	Vitotronic 200-H	Vitocom
LON	LON	LON	
Subscriber no. 1 Code "77:1"	Subscriber no. 10 Code "77:10"	Subscriber no. 11 Set code "77:11".	Subscriber no. 99
Control unit is fault manager. Code "79:1"	Control unit is not fault man- ager. Code "79:0"	Control unit is not fault man- ager. Code "79:0"	Device is fault man- ager.
Control unit transmits the time. Code "7b:1"	Control unit receives the time. Set code "81:3".	Control unit receives the time. Set code "81:3".	Device receives the time.
Control unit sends outside temperature. Set code "97:2".	Control unit receives outside temperature. Set code "97:1".	Control unit receives outside temperature. Set code "97:1".	_

Note

manager.

twice within the LON.

Connecting the control unit to the LON (cont.)

Boiler control unit	Vitotronic 200-H	Vitotronic 200-H	Vitocom
Viessmann system number.	Viessmann system number.	Viessmann system number.	-
Code "98:1"	Code "98:1"	Code "98:1"	
LON subscriber fault monitor-	LON subscriber fault moni-	LON subscriber fault moni-	_
ing.	toring.	toring.	
Code "9C:20"	Code "9C:20"	Code "9C:20"	

Carrying out a LON subscriber check

The subscriber check is used to test communication with the system devices connected to the fault manager.

Requirements:

- The control unit must be programmed as fault manager (code "79:1" in the "General" group).
- The LON subscriber number must be programmed in all control units.
- The LON subscriber list in the fault manager must be up to date.

Service menu:

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Service functions"

3. "Subscriber check"

- 4. Select subscriber (e.g. subscriber 10).
- 5. Start the subscriber check with "OK".
- Successfully tested subscribers are designated with "OK".
- Unsuccessfully tested subscribers are identified with "Not OK".

Note

To perform another subscriber check:

Create a new subscriber list with **"Delete list?"** (subscriber list is updated).

Note

During the subscriber check, the display of the relevant subscriber shows the subscriber no. and **"Wink"** for approx. 1 min.

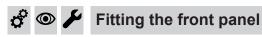
Calling up and resetting the "Service" display

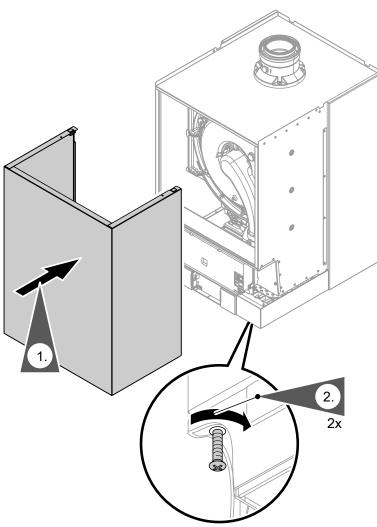
The red fault indicator flashes when the limits set in coding addresses "21" and "23" have been reached. (Coding address in group **"Boiler"** (weather-compensated control unit) or group 2 (constant temperature control unit).)

Weather-compensated control unit	Constant temperature control unit	
Display		
"Service" and "	The specified hours run or the specified interval with calendar symbol ">	
Acknowledging a service		
Press OK . Service the appliance.	Press OK . Service the appliance.	
Note An acknowledged service message that was not reset appears again the following Monday.	<i>Note</i> An acknowledged service message that was not reset appears again after 7 days.	



Constant temperature control unit		
codes		
Reset code "24:1" in group 2 to "24:0".		
Note		
The selected service parameters for hours run and in terval restart at "0" .		
1-		





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Fig. 39

Note

Ensure the locking screws are fitted before operating the appliance.



Instructing the system user

The system installer should hand the operating instructions to the system user and instruct the user in operating the system.

Calling up coding level 1

- On weather-compensated control units, codes are displayed as plain text.
- Codes that are not assigned due to the heating system equipment level or the setting of other codes are not displayed.
- Heating systems with one heating circuit without mixer and one or two heating circuits with mixer: The heating circuit without mixer is designated
 "Heating circuit 1" and the heating circuits with mixer as "Heating circuit 2" or "Heating circuit 3". If the heating circuits were given individual designations, the selected designation and "HC1", "HC2" or "HC3" appear instead.

Weather-compensated control unit	Constant temperature control unit		
The codes are divided into groups	·		
 "General" "Boiler" "DHW" "Solar" "Heating circuit 1/2/3" "All codes std device" In this group, all coding addresses from coding level 1 (except the coding addresses from the "Solar" group) are displayed in ascending order. "Standard setting" 	 "General" "Boiler" "DHW" "Solar" "Heating circuit 1" "All codes std device" In this group, all coding addresses are displayed in ascending order. "Standard setting" 		
Call up code 1			
 Service menu: Press OK and simultaneously for approx. 4 s. "Coding level 1" Select group of required coding address. Select coding address. Select value according to the following tables and confirm with OK. 	 Service menu: Press OK and Simultaneously for approx. 4 s. Select "①" with ▶ for coding level 1 and confirm with OK. "I" flashes on the display for the coding addresses in group 1. Select the group of the required coding address with ▲/▼ and confirm with OK. Select coding address with ▲/▼. Set value according to the following tables with ▲/▼ and confirm with OK. 		
Resetting all codes to their delivered condition			
Select "Standard setting".	Select "7" with) and confirm with OK . When "⊮ " flashes, confirm with OK .		
Note			
This also resets codes at coding level 2.	<i>Note</i> <i>This also resets codes at coding level 2.</i>		

General/group "1"

Select **"General"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 53).

Select **"1"** for constant temperature control units (see page 53).

Code 1

General/group "1" (cont.)

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
System desig	n			
00:1	System version 1: One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), without DHW heating	00:2 to 00:10	For system schemes, see the follow- ing table:	

Value, ad- dress 00:	System ver- sion	Description	
2	1	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)	
3	2.3	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), without DHW heating	
4	2.3	One heating circuit with mixer (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating	
5	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1) and one heating circuit wit mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), without DHW heating (code is set automatically)	
6	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1) and one heating circuit w mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)	
7	4	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), without DHW heating	
8	4	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating	
9	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), without DHW heating (code is set automatically)	
10	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)	

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
Internal circulation pump function				
51:0	System with low loss header: When there is a heat demand, the internal circulation pump always starts	51:1	System with low loss header: The internal circulation pump only starts upon heat demand if the burn- er is running. The circulation pump stops on expiry of the run-on time.	
		51:2	System with heating water buffer cylinder: The internal circulation pump only starts upon heat demand if the burn- er is running. The circulation pump stops on expiry of the run-on time.	

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
Subscriber r	10.	•		
77:1	LON subscriber number (only for weather-compensated control units)	77:2 to 77:99	LON subscriber number, adjustable from 1 to 99: 1 - 4 = Boiler 5 = Cascade 10 - 97 = Vitotronic 200-H 98 = Vitogate 99 = Vitocom Note Allocate each number only once.	
Detached ho	buse/apartment building			
7F:1	Detached house (only for weather- compensated control units)	7F:0	Apartment building Holiday program and time program for DHW heating can be set sepa- rately.	
Lock out co	ntrols			
8F:0	Operation enabled in standard menu and extended menu.	8F:1	Operation blocked in standard menu and extended menu. Emissions test mode can be ena- bled.	
	The relevant code is only enabled when you exit the service menu.	8F:2	Operation enabled in standard menu, but blocked in extended menu. Emissions test mode can be ena- bled.	
Set flow tem	perature for external demand			
9b:70	Set flow temperature for external demand 70 °C	9b:0 to 9b:127	Set flow temperature for external de mand adjustable from 0 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific parame- ters)	

Boiler/group "2"

Select **"Boiler"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 53).

Select **"2"** for constant temperature control units (see page 53).

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition Single/multi boiler system		Possible change	
Boiler number	•		
07:1	Boiler number in multi boiler sys- tems (only for constant tempera- ture control units)	07:2 to 07:8	Boiler number 2 to 8 in multi boiler systems

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Code 1

Boiler/group "2" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change			
Burner service in 100 hours					
21:0	No service interval set (in hours run)	21:1 to 21:100	The number of hours run before the burner should be serviced is adjust- able from 100 to 10,000 h One step ≜ 100 h		
Service inte	erval in months				
23:0	No time set for burner service in- terval	23:1 to 23:24	Interval adjustable from 1 to 24 months		
Service stat	tus				
24:0	"Service" not shown on the dis- play	24:1	"Service" is shown on the display (address is automatically set and must be manually reset after a serv- ice has been carried out)		
Filling/vent	ing		· · · · ·		
2F:0	Venting program/filling program	2F:1	Venting program enabled		
	disabled	2F:2	Filling program enabled		

DHW/group "3"

Select **"DHW"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 53).

Select **"3"** for constant temperature control units (see page 53).

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
Set DHW temperature reheating suppression				
67:40	For solar DHW heating: set DHW temperature 40 °C. Reheating is suppressed above the selected set temperature (boiler only starts as backup if the rise in the cylinder temperature is too low). Cannot be adjusted on gas con- densing combi boilers.	67:0 to 67:95	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 0 to 95 °C (limited by boiler- specific parameters)	
Enable DHW	<i>I</i> circulation pump			
73:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" ac- cording to time program (only for weather-compensated control unit)	73:1 to 73:6	"ON" from once per hour for 5 min up to 6 times per hour for 5 min dur- ing the time program	
		73:7	Constantly "ON"	

Solar/group "4"

Select **"Solar"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 53).

Select **"4"** for constant temperature control units (see page 53).

Note

The solar group is only displayed if a solar control module, type SM1, is connected.

Solar/group "4" (cont.)

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
Speed contr	ol solar circuit pump	1		
02:	Data dependent on the software version of solar control module	02:0	Solar circuit pump is not speed-con- trolled	
	SM1	02:1	With wave packet control function Never adjust	
		02:2	Solar circuit pump is speed-control- led with PWM control	
Maximum cy	linder temperature			
08:60	The solar circuit pump is switched off when the actual DHW tempera- ture reaches the maximum cylinder temperature (60 °C).	08:10 to 08:90	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 10 to 90 °C.	
Stagnation t	ime reduction		L	
0A:5	Temperature differential for stagna- tion time reduction (reduction in the speed of the solar circuit pump to protect system components and heat transfer medium) 5 K.	0A:0 0A:1 to 0A:40	Stagnation time reduction not active. Temperature differential adjustable from 1 to 40 K.	
Flow rate so				
0F:70	Solar circuit flow rate at the maxi- mum pump speed 7 l/min.	0F:1 to 0F:255	Flow rate adjustable from 0.1 to 25.5 l/min, 1 step $ eq$ 0.1 l/min.	
Extended so	lar control functions			
20:0	No extended control function ena-	20:1	Auxiliary function for DHW heating	
	bled	20:2	Differential temperature control 2.	
		20:3	Differential temperature control 2 and auxiliary function.	
		20:4	Differential temperature control 2 for central heating backup.	
		20:5	Thermostat function	
		20:6	Thermostat function and auxiliary function	
		20:7	Solar heating via external heat ex- changer without additional tempera- ture sensor	
		20:8	Solar heating via external heat ex- changer with additional temperature sensor	
		20:9	Solar heating of 2 DHW cylinders	

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating circuit 3/group "5"

Select **"Heating circuit ..."** for weather-compensated control units (see page 53).

Select **"5"** for constant temperature control units (see page 53).

Code 1

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Priority DH	W heating		
A2:2	Cylinder priority applicable to heat- ing circuit pump and mixer	A2:0	Without cylinder priority applicable to heating circuit pump and mixer
		A2:1	Cylinder priority only applicable to mixer
		A2:3 to A2:15	Reduced priority applicable to mixer (the heating circuit receives a re- duced amount of energy)
Economy fu	Inction outside temperature		
A5:5	With heating circuit pump logic function (economy control): Heat-	A5:0	Without heating circuit pump logic function
	ing circuit pump "OFF" if outside temperature (OT) is 1 K higher than the set room temperature (RT_{set}) OT > RT _{set} + 1 K (only for weather-	A5:1 to A5:15	With heating circuit pump logic func- tion: heating circuit pump "OFF" (see the following table)
	compensated control units)		

Parameter address A5:	With heating circuit pump logic function: heating circuit pump "OFF"
1	OT > RT _{set} + 5 K
2	OT > RT _{set} + 4 K
3	OT > RT _{set} + 3 K
4	OT > RT _{set} + 2 K
5	OT > RT _{set} + 1 K
6	OT > RT _{set}
7	OT > RT _{set} - 1 K
to	
15	OT > RT _{set} - 9 K

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Extended e	conomy function adjusted outside temp	perature	
A6:36	Extended economy control disa- bled (only for weather-compensa- ted control units)	A6:5 to A6:35	Extended economy control active, i.e. the burner and heating circuit pump will stop and the mixer close at a variable value, adjustable be- tween 5 and 35 °C plus 1 °C. The basis for this is the adjusted outside temperature. This is composed of the actual outside temperature and a time constant that takes account of the way an average building cools down.

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change			
Extended ed	conomy fi	unction mixer			
A7:0	(or coi	thout mixer economy function nly for weather-compensated ntrol units and heating circuits th mixer)	A7:1		 With mixer economy function (extended heating circuit pump logic): Heating circuit pump also "OFF": If the mixer has been attempting to close for longer than 20 min. Heating circuit pump "ON": If the mixer changes to control function If there is a risk of frost
Pump idle ti	ime, trans	sition reduced mode			
A9:7		th pump idle time: heating circuit	A9:0		Without pump idle time
		mp "OFF" if the set value is al-	A9:1		With pump idle time, adjustable from
	ing the we	ered through a change in operat- ng mode or through a change in ne set room temperature (only for veather-compensated control units)	to A9:15		1 to 15. The higher the value, the longer the pump idle time.
Weather-co	mpensate	ed/room temperature hook-up			•
b0:0	rec sat	With remote control: heating mode/ reduced mode: weather-compen- sated (only for weather-compensa- ted control units; only change the code for the heating circuit with mixer)	b0:1		Heating mode: weather-compensa- ted Reduced mode: with room tempera- ture hook-up
			b0:2		Heating mode: with room tempera- ture hook-up Reduced mode: weather-compensa- ted
			b0:3		Heating mode/reduced mode: with room temperature hook-up
Economy fu	unction ro	om temperature	1		
b5:0	Wi per pur we uni	th remote control: no room tem- rature-dependent heating circuit mp logic function (only for eather-compensated control its; only change the code for the ating circuit with mixer)	b5:1 to b5:8		For heating circuit pump logic func- tion, see the following table:
Parameter a	address	With heating circuit pump log	ic function:		
b5:		Heating circuit pump "OFF"		Heatin	ng circuit pump "ON"
1		RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 5 K		RT _{actua}	_{al} < RT _{set} + 4 K
2		RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 4 K			_{al} < RT _{set} + 3 K
3				RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 2 K	
4		RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 2 K			al < RT _{set} + 1 K
5		RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 1 K			al < RT _{set}

 $RT_{actual} < RT_{set} - 1 K$

 $RT_{actual} < RT_{set} - 2 K$

 $RT_{actual} < RT_{set} - 3 K$

6

7

8

 $RT_{actual} > RT_{set}$

 $RT_{actual} > RT_{set} - 1 K$

RT_{actual} > RT_{set} - 2 K

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in the o	delivered condition	Possible change		
Min. flow temp	erature heating circuit			
C5:20	Electronic minimum flow tempera- ture limit 20 °C (only for weather- compensated control units)	C5:1 to C5:127	Minimum limit adjustable from 1 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific pa- rameters)	
Max. flow temp	perature heating circuit			
C6:74	Electronic maximum flow tempera- ture limit 74 °C (only for weather- compensated control units)	C6:10 to C6:127	Maximum limit adjustable from 10 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific pa- rameters)	
Heating progra	im - changeover			
d5:0	The external operating program changeover switches the operating program to "Constant operation with reduced room temperature" or "standby mode" (only for weather- compensated control units)	d5:1	The external operating program changeover switches to "Constant operation at standard room tempera ture" (subject to coding address 3A, 3b and 3C)	
	ogram changeover to heating circuit	1		
d8:0	No operating program changeover via EA1 extension	d8:1	Operating program changeover via input DE1 at EA1 extension	
		d8:2	Operating program changeover via input DE2 at EA1 extension	
		d8:3	Operating program changeover via input DE3 at EA1 extension	
Screed functio	n	,		
F1:0	Screed drying disabled (only for weather-compensated control units).	F1:1 to F1:6	Screed drying can be set with 6 ad- justable temperature/time profiles (see page 107)	
		F1:15	Constant flow temperature 20 °C	
Party mode tim	ne limit			
F2:8	Time limit for party mode or exter-	F2:0	No time limit for party mode ^{*1}	
	nal operating program changeover via pushbutton: 8 h (only for weather-compensated control units) ^{*1}	F2:1 to F2:12	Time limit adjustable from 1 to 12 h*1	
Pump control i	n "Only DHW"	,		
F6:25	In the "Only DHW" operating mode, the circulation pump in the heating circuit connection set is constantly on (only for constant	F6:0	In the "Only DHW" operating mode, the circulation pump in the heating circuit connection set is constantly off	
	temperature control units)	F6:1 to F6:24	In the "Only DHW" operating mode, the circulation pump in the heating circuit connection set is started 1 to 24 times per day for 10 min each time.	
Pump control i	n "standby mode"		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
F7:25	In "standby mode", the circulation pump in the heating circuit connec- tion set is constantly on (only for	F7:0	In "standby mode", the circulation pump in the heating circuit connec- tion set is constantly off	
	constant temperature control units)	F7:1 to F7:24	In "standby mode", the circulation pump in the heating circuit connec- tion set is started 1 to 24 times per day for 10 min each time.	

^{*1} In the "Heating and DHW" program, party mode ends **automatically** when the system changes over to operation at standard room temperature.

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
Start temperature raising				
F8:-5	Temperature limit for terminating reduced mode -5 °C, see example on page 109. Observe setting for coding address "A3". (Only for weather-compensa-	F8:+10 to F8:-60 F8:-61	Temperature limit adjustable from +10 to -60 °C Function disabled	
End tempera	ted control units)			
F9:-14	Temperature limit for raising re- duced set room temperature -14 °C; see example on page 109. (only for weather-compensated control units)	F9:+10 to F9:-60	Temperature limit for raising the set room temperature to the value se- lected for standard mode adjustable from +10 to -60 °C	
Set flow tem	perature increase	1	I	
FA:20	Raising the set boiler water tem- perature or set flow temperature by 20 % when changing from opera- tion with reduced room tempera- ture to operation with standard room temperature. See example on page 109 (only for weather- compensated control units).	FA:0 to FA:50	Temperature rise adjustable from 0 to 50 %	
Duration set	flow temperature increase	·	·	
Fb:60	Duration for raising the set boiler water temperature or set flow tem- perature (see coding address "FA") is 60 min. See example on page 109 (only for weather-com- pensated control units).	Fb:0 to Fb:240	Duration adjustable from 0 to 240 min	

Calling up coding level 2

- All codes are accessible in coding level 2.
- Codes that are not assigned due to the heating system equipment level or the setting of other codes are not displayed.
- The heating circuit without mixer is designated
 "Heating circuit 1" and the heating circuits with mixer as "Heating circuit 2" or "Heating circuit 3". If the heating circuits were given individual designations, the selected designation and "HC1", "HC2" or "HC3" appear instead.

Weather-compensated control unit	Constant temperature control unit
The codes are divided into groups	
 "General" "Boiler" "DHW" "Solar" "Heating circuit 1/2/3" "All codes std device" In this group, all coding addresses (except the coding addresses from the "Solar" group) are displayed in ascending order. "Standard setting" 	 "General" "Boiler" "DHW" "Solar" "Heating circuit 1" "All codes std device" In this group, all coding addresses are displayed in ascending order. "Standard setting"
Call up code 2	
 Service menu: Press OK and simultaneously for approx. 4 s. Press OK and simultaneously for approx. 4 s. "Coding level 2" Select group of required coding address. Select coding address. Select value according to the following tables and confirm with OK. 	 Service menu: Press OK and ≡ simultaneously for approx. 4 s. Press OK and ⇒ simultaneously for approx. 4 s. Select "②" with ► for coding level 2 and confirm with OK. "I" flashes on the display for the coding addresses in group 1. Select the group of the required coding address with ▲/▼ and confirm with OK. Select coding address with ▲/▼. Set value according to the following tables with ▲/▼
Resetting all codes to their delivered condition	
Select "Standard setting".	Select "7" with ▶ and confirm with OK . When "µ" flashes, confirm with OK .
This also resets codes at coding level 1.	<i>Note</i> <i>This also resets codes at coding level 1.</i>

General/group "1"

Select **"General"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 62).

Select **"1"** for constant temperature control units (see page 62).

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Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
00:1	System version 1: One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), without DHW heating	00:2 to 00:10	For system schemes, see the follow- ing table:

Value, ad- dress 00:	System ver- sion	Description
2	1	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)
3	2, 3	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), without DHW heating
4	2, 3	One heating circuit with mixer (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating
5	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1) and one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), without DHW heating (code is set automatically)
6	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1) and one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)
7	4	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), without DHW heating
8	4	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating
9	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), without DHW heating (code is set automatically)
10	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
11:≠9	No access to the coding addresses for the parameters of the combus- tion controller	11:9	Access to the coding addresses for the parameters of the combustion controller open
25:0	Without outside temperature sen- sor (for constant temperature con- trol units)	25:1	With outside temperature sensor (automatic recognition)
2A:0	Without wireless outside tempera- ture sensor	2A:1	With wireless outside temperature sensor (automatic recognition)
		2A:2	Wireless outside temperature sensor not used
2d:1	With flow sensors (do not adjust)		
32:0	Without AM1 extension	32:1	With AM1 extension (automatic rec- ognition)
33:1	Function of output A1 at AM1 ex- tension: heating circuit pump	33:0	Function of output A1: DHW circula- tion pump
		33:2	Function of output A1: circulation pump for cylinder heating
34:0	Function of output A2 at AM1 ex- tension: DHW circulation pump	34:1	Function of output A2: heating circuit pump
		34:2	Function of output A2: circulation pump for cylinder heating
35:0	Without EA1 extension	35:1	With EA1 extension (automatic rec- ognition)
36:0	Function of output 157 at EA1 ex- tension: fault message	36:1	Function of output 157: feed pump
		36:2	Function of output 157: DHW circu- lation pump
39:2	Function of output 21: circulation pump for cylinder heating	39:0	Function output 21: DHW circulation pump
		39:1	Function of output 21: heating circuit pump

· ►

Code 2

General/group "1" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
3A:0	Function, input DE1 at EA1 exten- sion: not assigned	3A:1	Function of input DE1: operating program changeover
		3A:2	Function of input DE1: external de- mand with set flow temperature. Set flow temperature setting: coding address 9b. Internal circulation pump function: coding address 3F
		3A:3	Function of input DE1: external blocking. Internal circulation pump function: coding address 3E
		3A:4	Function of input DE1: external blocking with fault message input Internal circulation pump function: coding address 3E
		3A:5	Function of input DE1: fault mes- sage input
		3A:6	Function of input DE1: brief opera- tion of the DHW circulation pump (pushbutton function). DHW circulation pump runtime set- ting: coding address 3d
3b:0	Function, input DE2 at EA1 exten- sion: not assigned	3b:1	Function of input DE2: operating program changeover
		3b:2	Function of input DE2: external de- mand with set flow temperature. Set flow temperature setting: coding address 9b. Internal circulation pump function: coding address 3F
		3b:3	Function of input DE2: external blocking. Internal circulation pump function: coding address 3E
		3b:4	Function of input DE2: external blocking with fault message input Internal circulation pump function: coding address 3E
		3b:5	Function of input DE2: fault mes- sage input
		3b:6	Function of input DE2: brief opera- tion of the DHW circulation pump (pushbutton function). DHW circulation pump runtime set- ting: coding address 3d
3C:0	Function, input DE3 at EA1 exten- sion: not assigned	3C:1	Function of input DE3: operating program changeover
		3C:2	Function of input DE3: external de- mand with set flow temperature Set flow temperature setting: coding address 9b. Internal circulation pump function: coding address 3F

General/group "1" (cont.)

Coding in th	e delivered condition	Possible change	
		3C:3	Function of input DE3: external blocking. Internal circulation pump function: coding address 3E
		3C:4	Function of input DE3: external blocking with fault message input Internal circulation pump function: coding address 3E
		3C:5	Function of input DE3: fault mes- sage input
		3C:6	Function of input DE3: brief opera- tion of the DHW circulation pump (pushbutton function). DHW circulation pump runtime set- ting: coding address 3d
3d:5	DHW circulation pump runtime for brief operation: 5 min	3d:1 to 3d:60	Runtime of DHW circulation pump adjustable from 1 to 60 min
3E:0	Boiler circuit pump remains in con- trol mode at "External blocking"	3E:1	Boiler circuit pump is stopped at "Ex- ternal blocking" signal.
	signal.	3E:2	Boiler circuit pump is started at "Ex- ternal blocking" signal.
3F:0	Boiler circuit pump remains in con- trol mode at "External demand" signal.	3F:1	Boiler circuit pump is stopped at "Ex- ternal demand" signal.
		3F:2	Boiler circuit pump is started at "Ex- ternal demand" signal.
4b:0	Function of output <u>96</u> : room ther- mostat (Vitotrol 100) for constant temperature control units	4b:1	External demand
		4b:2	External blocking
51:0	System with low loss header: the boiler circuit pump is always started when there is a heat de- mand.	51:1	System with low loss header: boiler circuit pump is only started at heat demand if the burner is run- ning. The circulation pump stops on expiry of the run-on time.
		51:2	System with heating water buffer cylinder: boiler circuit pump is only started at heat demand if the burner is run- ning. The circulation pump stops on expiry of the run-on time.
52:0	Without flow temperature sensor for low loss header	52:1	With flow temperature sensor for low loss header (automatic recognition)
53:1	Function of terminal 28 of internal	53:0	Function of terminal 28: central fault
	extension: DHW circulation pump	53:2	Function of terminal 28: external heating circuit pump (heating circuit 1)
		53:3	Function of terminal 28: external cir- culation pump for cylinder heating
54:0	Without solar thermal system	54:1	With Vitosolic 100 (automatic recog- nition)

General/group "1" (cont.)

Coding in the	Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
		54:2	With Vitosolic 200 (automatic recog- nition)	
		54:3	With solar control module SM1 with- out auxiliary function (automatic rec- ognition)	
		54:4	With solar control module SM1 with auxiliary function, e.g. central heat- ing backup (automatic recognition)	
6E:50	No correction of measured outside temperature	6E:0 to 6E:100	Outside temperature correction in 0.1 K steps 0 to $49 = -5$ K to -0.1 K 51 to $100 = 0.1$ K to 5 K	
76:0	Without communication module	76:1	With LON communication module (automatic recognition; only for weather-compensated control units)	
		76:2	With cascade communication mod- ule (automatic recognition; only for constant temperature control units)	
77:1	LON subscriber number (only for weather-compensated control units)	77:2 to 77:99	LON subscriber number, adjustable from 1 to 99: 1 - 4 = Boiler 5 = Cascade 10 - 97 = Vitotronic 200-H 98 = Vitogate 99 = Vitocom Note Allocate each number only once.	
79:1	With LON communication module: control unit is fault manager (only for control unit for weather-com- pensated operation)	79:0	Control unit is not fault manager	
7b:1	With LON communication module: control unit transmits the time (only for control unit for weather-com- pensated operation)	7b:0	No time transmission	
7F:1	Detached house (only for weather- compensated control units)	7F:0	Apartment building Holiday program and time program for DHW heating can be set sepa- rately	
80:6	A fault message is issued if a fault	80:0	Immediate fault message	
	is present for at least 30 s	80:2 to 80:199	Minimum fault duration until fault message occurs, adjustable from 10 s to 995 s; 1 step \triangleq 5 s	
81:1	Automatic summer/wintertime changeover	81:0	Manual summer/wintertime change- over	
		81:2	Use of the radio clock receiver (au- tomatic recognition)	
		81:3	With LON communication module: control unit receives the time	
82:0	Operation with natural gas	82:1	Operation with LPG (only adjustable if coding address 11:9 has been set)	

General/group "1" (cont.)

Coding in th	Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
88:0	Temperature display in °C (Cel- sius)	88:1	Temperature display in °F (Fahren- heit)	
8A:175	Never adjust			
8F:0	Control in standard menu and ex- tended menu enabled <i>Note</i>	8F:1	Operation blocked in standard menu and extended menu. Emissions test mode can be ena- bled.	
	The relevant code is only enabled when you exit the service menu.	8F:2	Operation enabled in standard menu, but blocked in extended menu. Emissions test mode can be ena- bled.	
90:128	Time constant for calculating ad- justed outside temperature 21.3 h	90:1 to 90:199	Subject to the set value, the flow temperature is adjusted quickly (low values) or slowly (high values) when the outside temperature changes; 1 step ≙ 10 min	
94:0	Without OpenTherm extension	94:1	With OpenTherm extension (auto- matic recognition)	
95:0	Without Vitocom 100 communica- tion interface	95:1	With Vitocom 100 communication in- terface (automatic recognition)	
97:0	With LON communication module: outside temperature of the sensor connected to the control unit is uti- lised internally (only for weather- compensated control units)	97:1	Control unit receives outside tem- perature	
		97:2	The control unit transmits the out- side temperature to the Vitotronic 200-H	
98:1	Viessmann system number (in conjunction with monitoring of sev- eral systems via Vitocom 300)	98:1 to 98:5	System number is adjustable from 1 to 5	
99:0	Do not adjust			
9A:0	Do not adjust			
9b:70	Set flow temperature for external demand 70 °C	9b:0 to 9b:127	Set flow temperature for external de- mand adjustable from 0 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific parame- ters)	
9C:20	Monitoring LON subscribers.	9C:0	No monitoring	
	If a subscriber fails to respond, the control unit's internal default val- ues will be used after 20 min. Only then will a fault message be is- sued. (Only for weather-compen- sated control units)	9C:5 to 9C:60	Time adjustable from 5 to 60 min	
9F:8	Differential temperature 8 K; only in conjunction with heating circuit with mixer (only for weather-com- pensated control units)	9F:0 to 9F:40	Differential temperature adjustable from 0 to 40 K	

Boiler/group "2"

Select **"Boiler"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 62).

Select **"2"** for constant temperature control units (see page 62).

Code 2

Boiler/group "2" (cont.)

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
01:1	Single boiler system (only for con- stant temperature control units)	01:2	Multi boiler system with Vitotronic 300-K
04:1	Minimum burner pause time sub- ject to boiler load (specified by boiler coding card)	04:0	Minimum burner pause time set per- manently (specified by boiler coding card)
06:	Maximum limit of the boiler water temperature, specified in °C by the boiler coding card	06:20 to 06:127	Maximum limit of boiler water tem- perature within the ranges specified by the boiler
07:1	Boiler number in multi boiler sys- tems (only for constant tempera- ture control units)	07:2 to 07:8	Boiler number 2 to 8 in multi boiler systems
08:	Maximum burner heating output in kW, in multi boiler systems	08:0 to 08:199	Maximum burner heating output ad- justable in 1 kW increments, from 0 to 199 kW (limited by boiler-specific parameters)
0d:0	Never adjust		
0E:0	Never adjust		
13:1	Never adjust		
14:1	Never adjust		
15:1	Never adjust		
21:0	No service interval set (in hours run)	21:1 to 21:100	The number of hours run before the burner should be serviced is adjust- able from 100 to 10,000 h One step ≙ 100 h
23:0	No time set for burner service in- terval	23:1 to 23:24	Interval adjustable from 1 to 24 months
24:0	"Service" not shown on the dis- play	24:1	"Service" is shown on the display (address is automatically set and must be manually reset after a serv- ice has been carried out)
28:0	No burner interval ignition	28:1 to 28:24	Interval adjustable from 1 h to 24 h. The burner is force-started for 30 s (only when operating with LPG).
2E:0	Do not adjust		
2F:0	Venting program/filling program	2F:1	Venting program enabled
	disabled	2F:2	Filling program enabled
30:3	Boiler circuit pump variable speed via 0-10 V interface	30:0	 Connection of multi-stage boiler circuit pump Operation with low loss header (single or multi boiler system)
		30:1	Boiler circuit pump speed-controlled
		30:2	Boiler circuit pump speed-controlled with flow rate
31:	Set speed in % of the circulation pump when operated as boiler cir- cuit pump, specified by the coding card	31:0 to 31:100	Set speed adjustable from 0 to 100 %
38:0	Burner control unit status: opera- tional (no fault)	38:≠0	Burner control unit status: fault

DHW/group "3"

Select **"DHW"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 62).

Select **"3"** for constant temperature control units (see page 62).

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
56:0	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 10 to 60 °C	56:1	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 10 to over 60 °C Note Max. value subject to boiler coding card. Observe the maximum permissible DHW temperature.
58:0	Without auxiliary function for DHW heating	58:10 to 58:60	Input of a second set DHW tempera ture, adjustable from 10 to 60 °C (observe coding addresses "56" and "63")
59:0	Cylinder heating: Start point -2.5 K Stop point +2.5 K	59:1 to 59:10	Start point adjustable from 1 to 10 K below the set value
5b:0	DHW cylinder directly connected to the boiler	5b:1	DHW cylinder connected down- stream of the low loss header
5E:0	Circulation pump for cylinder heat- ing remains in control mode at "Ex- ternal blocking" signal.	5E:1	Circulation pump for cylinder heating is stopped at "External blocking" sig- nal.
		5E:2	Circulation pump for cylinder heating is started at "External blocking" signal.
5F:0	Circulation pump for cylinder heat- ing remains in control mode at "Ex- ternal demand" signal.	5F:1	Circulation pump for cylinder heating is stopped at "External demand" sig- nal.
		5F:2	Circulation pump for cylinder heating is started at "External demand" signal.
60:20	During DHW heating, the boiler water temperature is max. 20 K higher than the set DHW tempera- ture.	60:5 to 60:25	The differential between the boiler water temperature and the set DHW temperature is adjustable from 5 to 25 K
62:2	Circulation pump with 2 min run-on	62:0	No circulation pump run-on
	time after cylinder heating	62:1 to 62:15	Run-on time adjustable from 1 to 15 min
63:0	Without auxiliary function for DHW	63:1	Auxiliary function: 1 x daily
	heating (only for constant tempera- ture control units)	63:2 to 63:14	Every 2 days to every 14 days
		63:15	2 x daily
65:0	Never adjust		

DHW/group "3" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
67:40	For solar DHW heating: set DHW temperature 40 °C. Reheating is suppressed above the selected set temperature (boiler only starts as backup if the rise in the cylinder temperature is too low).	67:0 to 67:95	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 0 to 95 °C (limited by boiler- specific parameters)
6F:	Max. heating output for DHW heat- ing in %; specified by boiler coding card	6F:0 to 6F:100	Max. heating output for DHW heat- ing adjustable from min. heating out- put to 100 %
71:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" ac- cording to time program (only for weather-compensated control unit)	71:1	"OFF" during DHW heating to set value 1
		71:2	"ON" during DHW heating to set val- ue 1
72:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" ac- cording to time program (only for	72:1	"OFF" during DHW heating to set value 2
	weather-compensated control units)	72:2	"ON" during DHW heating to set val- ue 2
73:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" ac- cording to time program (only for weather-compensated control unit)	73:1 to 73:6	"ON" from once per hour for 5 min up to 6 times per hour for 5 min dur- ing the time program
		73:7	Constantly "ON"

Solar/group "4"

Select **"Solar"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 62).

Note

The solar group is only displayed if a solar control module, type SM1, is connected.

Select **"4"** for constant temperature control units (see page 62).

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
00:8	Start temperature differential for solar circuit pump 8 K.	00:2 to 00:30	Start temperature differential adjust- able from 2 to 30 K.
01:4	Stop temperature differential for solar circuit pump 4 K.	01:1 to 01:29	Stop temperature differential adjust- able from 1 to 29 K.
02:0	Solar circuit pump is not speed- controlled.	02:1	Solar circuit pump is speed-control- led with wave packet control.
		02:2	Solar circuit pump is speed-control- led with PWM control.
03:10	Temperature differential for the start of the speed control 10 K.	03:5 to 03:20	Temperature differential adjustable from 5 to 20 K.
04:4	Controller amplification of speed control 4 %/K.	04:1 to 04:10	Controller amplification adjustable from 1 to 10 %/K.
05:10	Min. speed of solar circuit pump 10 % of maximum speed.	05:2 to 05:100	Min. speed of the solar circuit pump is adjustable from 2 to 100 %.

Solar/group "4" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
06:75	Max. speed of solar circuit pump 75 % of the maximum possible speed.	06:1 to 06:100	Max. speed of the solar circuit pump is adjustable from 1 to 100 %.
07:0	Interval function of solar circuit pump switched off.	07:1	Interval function of solar circuit pump switched on. To capture the collector temperature more accurately, the solar circuit pump periodically starts for a short duration.
08:60	Set DHW temperature (maximum cylinder temperature) 60 °C.	08:10 to 08:90	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 10 to 90 °C.
09:130	Maximum collector temperature (to protect system components) 130 °C.	09:20 to 09:200	Temperature adjustable from 20 to 200 °C.
0A:5	Temperature differential for stagna- tion time reduction (reduction in the speed of the solar circuit pump	0A:0 0A:1	Stagnation time reduction is disa- bled. Temperature differential adjustable
	to protect system components and heat transfer medium) 5 K.	to 0A:40	from 1 to 40 K.
0b:0	Frost protection function for solar circuit switched off.	0b:1	Frost protection function for solar cir- cuit switched on (not required with Viessmann heat transfer medium).
0C:1	Delta T monitoring switched on. No flow rate captured in the solar circuit, or flow rate too low.	0C:0	Delta T monitoring switched off.
0d:1	Night-time DHW circulation moni- toring switched on. Unintentional flow in the solar cir- cuit is captured (e.g. at night).	0d:0	Night-time DHW circulation monitor- ing switched off.
0E:1	Heat statement in conjunction with Viessmann heat transfer medium.	0E:2 0E:0	Never adjust No heat statement.
0F:70	Solar circuit flow rate at max. pump speed 7 l/min.	0F:1	Flow rate adjustable from 0.1 to
		to 0F:255	25.5 I/min. 1 step ≙ 0.1 I/min
10:0	Target temperature control switch- ed off (see coding address "11").	10:1	Target temperature control switched on.
11:50	 Set solar DHW temperature 50 °C. Target temperature control switched on (code "10:1"): Temperature at which the solar heated water is to be stratified into the DHW cylinder. If code "20:9" (heating of two DHW cylinders) is set: When one DHW cylinder reaches its set DHW temperature, the second DHW cylinder is heated. 	11:10 to 11:90	The set solar DHW temperature is adjustable from 10 to 90 °C.
12:10	Minimum collector temperature (minimum start temperature for the solar circuit pump) 20 °C.	12:0 12:1 to	No minimum limit enabled. Minimum collector temperature ad- justable from 1 to 90 °C.

Code	2 (

Solar/group "4" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
20:0	No extended control function ena- bled.	20:1	Auxiliary function for DHW heating
		20:2	Differential temperature control 2
		20:3	Differential temperature control 2 and auxiliary function
		20:4	Differential temperature control 2 for central heating backup
		20:5	Thermostat function
		20:6	Thermostat function and auxiliary function
		20:7	Solar heating via external heat ex- changer without additional tempera- ture sensor.
		20:8	Solar heating via external heat ex- changer with additional temperature sensor.
		20:9	Solar heating of two DHW cylinders.
22:8	Start temperature differential with central heating backup (code "20:4" must be set) 8 K.	22:2 to 22:30	Start temperature differential adjust- able from 2 to 30 K.
23:4	Stop temperature differential with central heating backup (code "20:4" must be set) 4 K.	23:2 to 23:30	Stop temperature differential adjust- able from 1 to 29 K.
24:40	Start temperature for thermostat function (code "20:5" or "20:6" must be selected) 40 °C.	24:0 to 24:100	Start temperature for thermostat function adjustable from 0 to 100 K.
25:50	Stop temperature for thermostat function (code "20:5" or "20:6" must be selected) 50 °C.	25:0 to 25:100	Stop temperature for thermostat function adjustable from 0 to 100 K.
26:1	Priority for DHW cylinder 1 with cyclical heating. (Code "20:9" must be set).	26:0	Priority for DHW cylinder 1 without cyclical heating.
		26:2	Priority for DHW cylinder 2 without cyclical heating.
		26:3	Priority for DHW cylinder 2 with cy- clical heating.
		26:4	Cyclical heating without priority for either DHW cylinder.
27:15	Cyclical heating time 15 min. Once the DHW cylinder with priori- ty is heated up, the DHW cylinder without priority is heated for a max- imum duration equal to the set cy- clical heating time.	27:5 to 27:60	The cyclical heating time is adjustable from 5 to 60 min.
28:3	Cyclical pause time 3 min. After the set cyclical heating time for the DHW cylinder without priori- ty has expired, the rise in collector temperature is captured during the cyclical pause time.	28:1 to 28:60	Cyclical pause time is adjustable from 1 to 60 min.

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating circuit 3/group "5"

Select **"Heating circuit ..."** for weather-compensated control units (see page 62).

Select **"5"** for constant temperature control units (see page 62).

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
A0:0	Without remote control	A0:1	With Vitotrol 200-A/200-RF (auto- matic recognition)
		A0:2	With Vitotrol 300-A/300-RF or Vitocomfort 200 (automatic recogni- tion)
A1:0	All possible settings at the remote control can be accessed	A1:1	Only party mode can be set at the remote control (only for Vitotrol 200-A/200-RF)
A2:2	Cylinder priority applicable to heat- ing circuit pump and mixer	A2:0	Without cylinder priority applicable to heating circuit pump and mixer
		A2:1	Cylinder priority only applicable to mixer
		A2:3 to A2:15	Reduced priority applicable to mixer (the heating circuit receives a re- duced amount of energy)
A3:2	Outside temperature below 1 °C: Heating circuit pump "ON" Outside temperature above 3 °C: Heating circuit pump "OFF"	A3:-9 to A3:15	Heating circuit pump "ON/OFF" (see the following table)

Please note

When selecting a value below 1 °C, there is a risk of pipes outside the thermal envelope of the building freezing up.

Standby mode in particular should be taken into consideration, e.g. during holidays.

Parameter	Heating circuit pump		
address A3:	"ON"	"OFF"	
-9	-10 °C	-8 °C	
-8	-9 °C	-7 °C	
-7	-8 °C	-6 °C	
-6	-7 °C	-5 °C	
-5	-6 °C	-4 °C	
-4	-5 °C	-3 °C	
-3	-4 °C	-2 °C	
-2	-3 °C	-1 °C	
-1	-2 °C	0 °C	
0	-1 °C	1 °C	
1	0 °C	2 °C	
2	1 °C	3 ℃	
to	to	to	
15	14 °C	16 °C	

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible ch	ange
A4:0	With frost protection (only for weather-compensated control units).	A4:1	No frost protection; this setting is on- ly possible if code "A3:-9" has been selected.

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
			<i>Note</i> "Important", observe for code "A3".
A5:5	With heating circuit pump logic function (economy control): Heat-	A5:0	Without heating circuit pump logic function
	ing circuit pump "OFF" if outside temperature (OT) is 1 K higher than the set room temperature (RT_{set}) OT > RT_{set} + 1 K (only for weather- compensated control units)	A5:1 to A5:15	With heating circuit pump logic func tion: heating circuit pump "OFF" (see the following table)

Parameter address A5:	With heating circuit pump logic function: heating circuit pump "OFF"
1	OT > RT _{set} + 5 K
2	OT > RT _{set} + 4 K
3	OT > RT _{set} + 3 K
4	OT > RT _{set} + 2 K
5	OT > RT _{set} + 1 K
6	OT > RT _{set}
7	OT > RT _{set} - 1 K
to	
15	OT > RT _{set} - 9 K

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
A6:36	Extended economy control disa- bled (only for weather-compensa- ted control units)	A6:5 to A6:35	Extended economy control active, i.e. the burner and heating circuit pump will stop and the mixer close at a variable value, adjustable be- tween 5 and 35 °C plus 1 °C. The basis for this is the adjusted outside temperature. This is composed of the actual outside temperature and time constant that takes account of the way an average building cools down.
A7:0	Without mixer economy function (only for weather-compensated control units and heating circuits with mixer)	A7:1	 With mixer economy function (extended heating circuit pump logic): Heating circuit pump also "OFF": If the mixer has been attempting to close for longer than 20 min. Heating circuit pump "ON": If the mixer changes to control function If there is a risk of frost
A8:1	Heating circuit with mixer creates a demand for the boiler circuit pump (only for weather-compensated control units)	A8:0	Heating circuit with mixer creates no demand for the boiler circuit pump.

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
A9:7	With pump idle time: heating circuit pump "OFF" if the set value is al-	A9:1	Without pump idle timeWith pump idle time, adjustable from
	tered through a change in operat- ing mode or through a change in the set room temperature (only for weather-compensated control units)	to A9:15	1 to 15. The higher the value, the longer the pump idle time.
b0:0	reduced mode: weather-compen- sated (only for weather-compensa- ted control units; only change the code for the heating circuit with mixer)	b0:1	Heating mode: weather-compensa- ted Reduced mode: with room tempera- ture hook-up
		b0:2	Heating mode: with room tempera- ture hook-up Reduced mode: weather-compensa- ted
		b0:3	Heating mode/reduced mode: with room temperature hook-up
b2:8	With remote control and for the	b2:0	Without room influence
	heating circuit, operation with room temperature hook-up must be pro- grammed: room influence factor 8 (only for weather-compensated control units; only change the code for the heating circuit with mixer)	b2:1 to b2:64	Room influence factor adjustable from 1 to 64. The higher the value, the greater the room influence.
b5:0	With remote control: no room tem- perature-dependent heating circuit pump logic function (only for weather-compensated control units; only change the code for the heating circuit with mixer)	b5:1 to b5:8	For heating circuit pump logic func- tion, see the following table:

Parameter address	With heating circuit pump logic fur	nction:
b5:	Heating circuit pump "OFF"	Heating circuit pump "ON"
1	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 5 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 4 K
2	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 4 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 3 K
3	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 3 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 2 K
4	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 2 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 1 K
5	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 1 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set}
6	RT _{actual} > RT _{set}	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} - 1 K
7	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} - 1 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} - 2 K
8	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} - 2 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} - 3 K

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
C5:20	Electronic minimum flow tempera-	C5:1	Minimum limit adjustable from 1 to
	ture limit 20 °C (only for weather-	to	127 °C (limited by boiler-specific pa-
	compensated control units)	C5:127	rameters)
C6:74	Electronic maximum flow tempera-	C6:10	Maximum limit adjustable from 10 to
	ture limit 74 °C (only for weather-	to	127 °C (limited by boiler-specific pa-
	compensated control units)	C6:127	rameters)
d3:14	Heating curve slope = 1.4	d3:2 to d3:35	The heating curve slope is adjusta- ble from 0.2 to 3.5 (see page 47)

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in th	ne delivered condition	Possible change		
d4:0	Heating curve level = 0	d4:-13 to d4:40	The heating curve level is adjustable from –13 to 40 (see page 47)	
d5:0	The external operating program changeover switches the operating program to "Constant operation with reduced room temperature" or "standby mode" (only for weather- compensated control units)	d5:1	The external operating program changeover switches to "Constant operation at standard room tempera- ture" (subject to coding address 3A, 3b and 3C)	
d6:0	Heating circuit pump remains in control mode at "External blocking" signal	d6:1	Heating circuit pump stops at "Exter- nal blocking" signal (subject to cod- ing addresses 3A, 3b and 3C)	
		d6:2	Heating circuit pump starts at "Exter- nal blocking" signal (subject to cod- ing addresses 3A, 3b and 3C)	
d7:0	Heating circuit pump remains in control mode at "External demand" signal	d7:1	Heating circuit pump stops at "Exter- nal demand" signal (subject to cod- ing addresses 3A, 3b and 3C)	
		d7:2	Heating circuit pump starts at "Exter- nal demand" signal (subject to cod- ing addresses 3A, 3b and 3C)	
d8:0	No operating program changeover via EA1 extension	d8:1	Operating program changeover via input DE1 at EA1 extension	
		d8:2	Operating program changeover via input DE2 at EA1 extension	
		d8:3	Operating program changeover via input DE3 at EA1 extension	
E1:1	Never adjust			
E2:50	With remote control: no display correction for the actual room tem- perature (only for weather-com- pensated control units)	E2:0 to E2:49 E2:51 to E2:99	Display correction –5 K to Display correction –0.1 K Display correction +0.1 K to Display correction +4.9 K	
E5:0	Never adjust	L2.33		
E5:0 E6:	Maximum speed of the variable speed heating circuit pump in % of the max. speed in standard mode. Value is specified by boiler-specific parameters (only for weather-com- pensated control units).	E6:0 to E6:100	Maximum speed adjustable from 0 to 100 %	
E7:30	Minimum speed of the variable speed heating circuit pump: 30 % of the max. speed (only for weath- er-compensated control units)	E7:0 to E7:100	Minimum speed adjustable from 0 to 100 % of maximum speed	
F1:0	Screed drying disabled (only for weather-compensated control units).	F1:1 to F1:6	Screed drying adjustable, with choice of 6 temperature/time profiles (see page 107)	
		F1:15	Constant flow temperature 20 °C	

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
F2:8	Time limit for party mode or exter-	F2:0	No time limit for party mode ^{*1}
	nal operating program changeover via pushbutton: 8 h (only for weather-compensated control units) ^{*1}	F2:1 to F2:12	Time limit adjustable from 1 to 12 h ^{*1}
F5:12	Run-on time of the boiler circuit	F5:0	No boiler circuit pump run-on time
	pump in heating mode: 12 min (on- ly for constant temperature control units)	F5:1 to F5:20	Boiler circuit pump run-on time ad- justable from 1 to 20 min
F6:25	In "Only DHW" mode, the boiler circuit pump is constantly on (only	F6:0	In "Only DHW" mode, the boiler cir- cuit pump is constantly off
	for constant temperature control units)	F6:1 to F6:24	In "Only DHW" mode, the boiler cir- cuit pump is started 1 to 24 times per day for 10 min each time.
F7:25	In "standby mode", the boiler cir- cuit pump is constantly on (only for	F7:0	In "standby mode", the boiler circuit pump is constantly off
	constant temperature control units)	F7:1 to F7:24	In "standby mode", the boiler circuit pump is started 1 to 24 times per day for 10 min each time.
F8:-5	Temperature limit for terminating reduced mode -5 °C, see example on page 109. Observe setting for coding address "A3". (Only for weather-compensa- ted control units)	F8:+10 to F8:-60	Temperature limit adjustable from +10 to -60 °C
		F8:-61	Function disabled
F9:-14	Temperature limit for raising re- duced set room temperature -14 °C; see example on page 109 (only for weather-compensated control units).	F9:+10 to F9:-60	Temperature limit for raising the set room temperature to the value se- lected for standard mode adjustable from +10 to -60 °C
FA:20	The set boiler water or flow tem- perature is raised by 20 % when changing from operation with re- duced room temperature to opera- tion with standard room tempera- ture. See example on page 109 (only for weather-compensated control units).	FA:0 to FA:50	Temperature rise adjustable from 0 to 50 %
Fb:60	Duration for raising the set boiler water temperature or set flow tem- perature (see coding address "FA") is 60 min. See example on page 109 (only for weather-com- pensated control units).	Fb:0 to Fb:240	Duration adjustable from 0 to 240 min

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Service level

Weather-compensated control unit	Constant temperature control unit	
Calling up the service level	•	
Service menu: 1. Press OK and E simultaneously for approx. 4 s. 2. Select required menu. See the following diagram.	 Service menu: 1. Press OK and simultaneously for approx. 4 s. ">" Isahes on the display. 2. Select required function. See the following pages. 	
Exiting the service level		
 Service menu: Select "Terminate service?". Select "Yes". Confirm with OK. Note The system exits the service level automatically after 30 min.	Service menu: 1. Select "Serv" ⑦ with . 2. Confirm with OK. "OFF" flashes. 3. Confirm with OK. Note The system exits the service level automatically after 30 min.	

Overview of service	e menu for weather-compensated mode
Service	

Diagnosis	General Heating circuit 1 HC1
Actuator test	Heating circuit 2 HC2
Coding level 1	Heating circuit 3 HC3
	Solar
Coding level 2	Brief scan Reset data
-Fault history	
Service functions	Subscriber check
Terminate service?	Enter Vitocom PIN code
	Service reset
	Filling Venting
	Max. output
	Multi-boiler system

Fig. 40

Note

Do **not** adjust menu item **"Multi-boiler system"**. The menu item turns a weather-compensated control unit into a constant temperature control unit.

Operating data

Weather-compensated control unit	Constant temperature control unit
Calling up operating data	·
 Operating data can be scanned in six areas. See "Diagnosis" in the service menu overview. Operating data on heating circuits with mixers and solar can only be called up if the components are installed in the system. For further information on operating data, see chapter "Brief scan". 	 Operating data can be called up in the "i" menu. For further information on operating data, see chapter "Brief scan".
Calling up operating data	
 Service menu: 1. Press OK and E: simultaneously for approx. 4 s. 2. "Diagnosis" 3. Select required group, e.g. "General". 	Service menu: 1. Press OK and ≡ : simultaneously for approx. 4 s. 2. Select required information with ▲/▼. <i>Note</i>
Note "" appears on the display if a sensor that has been scanned is faulty.	"" appears on the display if a sensor that has been scanned is faulty.
Resetting operating data	
Saved operating data (e.g. hours run) can be reset to "0" . The value "Adjusted outside temp" is reset to the actual value.	Saved operating data (e.g. hours run) can be reset to "0" .
 Service menu: 1. Press OK and simultaneously for approx. 4 s. 2. "Diagnosis" 3. "Reset data" 4. Select required value (e.g. "Burner starts") or "All details". 	 Service menu: 1. Press OK and simultaneously for approx. 4 s. 2. Select required information with ▲/▼. 3. Confirm with OK; "\+" flashes. 4. Confirm with OK; the value is reset.

Brief scan

In the brief scan, you can scan temperatures or call up software versions and connected components, for example.

Weather-compensated control unit

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Diagnosis"
- 3. "Brief scan".

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For an explanation of the relevant values in the individual rows and fields, see the following table:

Row (brief scan)	Field							
	1	2	3	4	5	6		
1:	System scheme 01 to 10		Software versi Control unit	Software version Control unit		Software version Programming unit		
2:	0	0	Appliance version		Appliance ID C	U-ID		
3:	0		Number of KM-BUS subscrib- ers module SM1		on, solar control			

4. Press OK.

Fig. 41

Diagnosis Brief scan

0 A

Select with ≑

 1
 1
 2
 1
 2

 2:
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0

 3:
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0

 4:
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0

1 F

The display shows 9 rows with 6 fields each.

1 2

Diagnosis (cont.)

Row (brief scan)	Field							
	1	2	3	4	5	6		
4:	Software version Burner control		Type Burner control	unit	Version, burne	r control unit		
5:	Internal details for calibration			0	Software ver- sion, AM1 ex- tension	Software ver- sion, EA1 exten- sion		
6:	0	0	0	Switching state, flow sensor 1: flow rate too low or no flow	0	0		
7:	LON Subnet addres ber	s/system num-	LON Node address		0			
8:	LON SBVT config- uration	LON Software ver- sion, commu- nication cop- rocessor	Neuron chip software version		Number of LO	er of LON subscribers		
9:	Heating circui	t A1 (without	Heating circuit M2 (with		Heating circuit M3 (with mix-			
	mixer) Remote con- trol 0: without 1: Vitotrol 200/ 200-A/ 200-RF 2: Vitotrol 300/ 300-A/ 300-RF or Vitohome	Software ver- sion, remote control	mixer) Remote con- trol 0: without 1: Vitotrol 200/ 200-A/ 200-RF 2: Vitotrol 300/ 300-A/ 300-RF or Vitohome	Software ver- sion, remote control	er) Remote con- trol 0: without 1: Vitotrol 200/ 200-A/ 200-RF 2: Vitotrol 300/ 300-A/ 300-RF or Vitohome	Software ver- sion, remote control		
10:	Internal circul	ation pump		it pump, heat-	Heating circuit pump, heat-			
(Only for KM- BUS circula- tion pumps)	Variable speed pump 0: without 1: Wilo 2: Grundfos	Software ver- sion, variable speed pump 0: no variable speed pump	ing circuit M2 Variable speed pump 0: without 1: Wilo 2: Grundfos	Software ver- sion Variable speed pump 0: no variable speed pump	ing circuit M3 Variable speed pump 0: without 1: Wilo 2: Grundfos	Software version Variable speed pump 0: no variable speed pump		
11:	0	0	Software ver- sion Mixer exten- sion, heating circuit M2 0: no mixer extension	0	Software ver- sion Mixer exten- sion, heating circuit M3 0: no mixer extension	0		

Diagnosis (cont.)

Constant temperature control unit

- Press OK and ≡ simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
 "𝒫" flashes on the display.
- Select the required scan with ▲/▼. For example, "b" for "Max. output" (see following table):
- 4. Confirm selected scan with OK.

2. Confirm with OK.

For explanations of individual scans, see the following table:

	Display				
	System scheme 1 to 2	Software version Control unit		Software version Programming unit	
		Adjusted outside	temperature	,	
		Set boiler water t	emperature		
		Common deman	d temperature		
		Set cylinder temp	perature		
	Number of KM-BU	S subscribers	Number of LON s	ubscribers	
SNVT configu- ration 0: auto 1: Tool	Software version Communication co			on module	
	Subnet address/sy	stem number	Node address		
	Burner control unit	type	Appliance type		
Diverter valve status 0: not installed 1: heating 2: central posi- tion 3: DHW heating	Flow rate 1: flow rate too low or no flow	Max. heating out	put in %		
	Boiler coding card	(hexadecimal)			
	Flow rate (specified	d in l/h)			
	Version Appliance		Version Burner control uni	t	
			0	0	
Software ver- sion Solar control module, type SM1	Software version Burner control unit			Software version Cascade module	
Code 53 setting	Internal details for	calibration			
		AM1 extension			
Software ver- sion	Output A1 config- uration (value corre- sponds to code 33 setting)	Output A1 switching state 0: OFF 1: ON	Output A2 con- figuration (value corre- sponds to code 34 setting)	Output A2 switch- ing state 0: OFF 1: ON	
		EA1 extension			
	ration 0: auto 1: Tool Diverter valve status 0: not installed 1: heating 2: central posi- tion 3: DHW heating 3: DHW heating Code 53 setting Code 53 setting	System scheme 1 to 2Number of KM-BU3SNVT configu- ration 0: auto 1: ToolNumber of KM-BU3SNVT configu- ration 0: auto 1: ToolSoftware version Communication co Ommunication co Ommunication coDiverter valve status 0: not installed 1: heating 2: central position 3: DHW heatingFlow rate 1: flow rate too low or no flowDiverter valve status 0: not installed 1: heating 2: central position 3: DHW heatingBoiler coding card Flow rate (specified Version ApplianceSoftware ver- sion Solar control module, type SM1Software version Burner control unit Output A1 config- uration (value corre- sponds to code	Image: System scheme 1 to 2 Software version Control unit System scheme 1 to 2 Software version Control unit Adjusted outside Set boiler water t Common demand Set cylinder temp: Number of KM-BUS subscribers SNVT configu- ration 0: auto 1: Tool Software version Communication coprocessor Diverter valve status 0: not installed 1: heating 2: central posi- tion 3: DHW heating Flow rate 1: flow rate too low or no flow Max. heating out Max. heating out 1: heating 2: central posi- tion 3: DHW heating Boiler coding card (hexadecimal) Flow rate (specified in l/h) Version Appliance Software ver- sion Software ver- sion Software ver- sion Software version Burner control unit Max. heating out 1: heating Code 53 setting Internal details for calibration AM1 extension 0: OFF 1: ON	Image: System scheme 1 to 2 Software version Control unit Adjusted outside temperature Adjusted outside temperature Set boiler water temperature Common demand temperature Set cylinder temperature Number of KM-BUS subscribers SNVT configu- ration Communication coprocessor SNVT configu- ration Subnet address/system number Node address Burner control unit type Appliance type Diverter valve status Control posi- tion 3: DHW heating Boiler coding card (hexadecimal) Flow rate (specified in l/h) Version Appliance Boiler coding card (hexadecimal) Flow rate (specified in l/h) Version Appliance Software ver- sion Solar control module, type SM1 Code 53 setting Internal details for calibration Output A1 config- uration (value corre- sponds to code 33 setting)	

Diagnosis (cont.)

Brief scan Display						
F		E				
F	Output 157 con-	Output 157	Input DE1	Input DE2	Input DE3 switch-	
3	figuration	switching state	switching state	switching state	ing state	
	(Value corre-	0: OFF	0: open	0: open	0: open	
	sponds to set-	1: ON	1: closed	1: closed	1: closed	
	ting of code 36					
	in group 1					
	"General")					
F	Software ver-		External hook-up	0 - 10 V		
4	sion		Display in %			
		Solar control module SM1				
F	Stagnation time of	of the solar thermal	system in h			
5						
F	Night-time DHW	circulation, solar the	ermal system (num	ber)		
6 F						
F	Differential tempe	erature monitoring				
⑦ F						
F				Solar central	Output 22 switch-	
8				heating backup	ing state	
				0: disabled	0: OFF	
				1: enabled	1: ON	
		OpenThe	erm extension (if	installed)	·	
F	Software ver-	DHW heating sta-	External hook-up	0 - 10 V		
9	sion	tus	Display in %			

Checking outputs (relay test)

Weather-compensated control unit

1. Press OK and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s. 2. "Actuator test"

The following relay outputs can be controlled subject to system design:

Display		Explanation
All actuators	Off	All actuators are off
Base load	On	Burner operated at minimum output; circulation pump is started
Full load	On	Burner operated at maximum output; circulation pump is started
Output, internal	On	Output 20 active (boiler circuit pump)
Output 21/28	On	Output 21 active (circulation pump for cylinder heating)
Heating circ pump HC2	On	Heating circuit pump output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC2	Open	"Mixer open" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC2	Close	"Mixer close" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Heating circ pump HC3	On	Heating circuit pump output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC3	Open	"Mixer open" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC3	Close	"Mixer close" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Outp. int. exten. H1	On	Output at internal extension enabled
AM1 output 1	On	Output A1 at extension AM1 enabled
AM1 output 2	On	Output A2 at extension AM1 enabled
EA1 output 1	On	Contact P - S at plug 157 of extension EA1 closed

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Checking outputs (relay test) (cont.)

Display		Explanation
Solar circuit pump	On	Solar circuit pump output 24 on solar control module SM1 active
Solar circ pmp min	On	Solar circuit pump output on solar control module SM1 switched to minimum speed
Solar circ pmp max	On	Solar circuit pump output on solar control module SM1 switched to maximum speed
SM1 output 22	On	Output 22 on solar control module SM1 active

Constant temperature control unit

- Press OK and ≡ simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
 "𝒫" flashes on the display.
- Confirm selected actuator with OK. The display shows the number for the activated actuator and "ON".
- Select required actuator (output) with ▲/▼ (see following table):

The following actuators (relay outputs) can be controlled subject to system design:

Display	Explanation
0	All actuators are off
1	Burner operated at minimum output; circulation pump is started
2	Burner operated at maximum output; circulation pump is started
3	Output 20 active (boiler circuit pump)
10	Internal extension output enabled
15	Solar circuit pump output 24 on solar control module SM1 active
16	Solar circuit pump output on solar control module SM1 switched to minimum speed
17	Solar circuit pump output on solar control module SM1 switched to maximum speed
18	Output 22 on solar control module SM1 active
19	Contact P - S at plug 157 of extension EA1 closed
20	Output A1 at extension AM1 enabled
21	Output A2 at extension AM1 enabled
22	Output 21 active (circulation pump for cylinder heating)

Fault display

Weather-compensated control unit

In the event of a fault, red fault indicator (A) flashes. "<u>∧</u>" flashes on the display and "**Fault**" is shown.

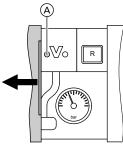


Fig. 42

Press **OK** to display the fault code.

For an explanation of the fault code, see the following pages.

For some faults, the type of fault is also displayed in plain text.

Acknowledging a fault

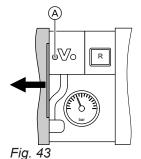
Follow the instructions on the display.

Note

- The fault message is transferred to the standard menu.
- Any fault message facility connected will be switched off.
- If an acknowledged fault is not remedied, the fault message will be redisplayed the following day and the fault message facility restarted.

Constant temperature control unit

In the event of a fault, red fault indicator ④ flashes. The 2-digit fault code and (subject to the type of fault) "☆" or "⊕" flash on the programming unit display.



Other current faults can be displayed with \blacktriangle/Ψ . For an explanation of the fault codes, see the following pages.

Calling up acknowledged faults

Select **"Fault"** in the standard menu. Current faults will be listed.

Calling up fault codes from the fault memory (fault history)

The 10 most recent faults (including those remedied) are saved and can be called up. Faults are sorted by date.

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Fault history"
- 3. "Display?"

Deleting the fault history

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Fault history"
- 3. "Delete?"



Fig. 44 Example: Fault message "50"

Acknowledging a fault

Press **OK**. The default display reappears on the display screen.

Any fault message facility connected will be switched off.

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Fault display (cont.)

If an acknowledged fault is not remedied, the fault message will be redisplayed the following day and the fault message facility restarted.

Calling up acknowledged faults

Hold down OK for approx. 4 s.

The 10 most recent faults (including those remedied) are saved and can be called up.

Calling up fault codes from the fault memory (fault history)

The 10 most recent faults (including those remedied) are saved and can be called up.

Faults are sorted by date.

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. Select "A" and enable fault history with OK.
- 3. Select fault messages with ▲/▼.

Deleting the fault history

While the list is displayed, press **OK** until **h** flashes. Confirm with **OK**.

Fault codes

Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
10	Х	X	Regulates as if the outside temperature were 0 °C.	Short circuit, out- side temperature sensor	Check outside tempera- ture sensor (see page 93)
18	X	X	Regulates as if the outside temperature were 0 °C.	Lead break, out- side temperature sensor	Check outside tempera- ture sensor (see page 93)
19	X	X	Regulates as if the outside temperature were 0 °C.	Communication in- terruption, outside temperature sen- sor RF (outside tempera- ture sensor RF, KM-BUS to wire- less base station, wireless base sta- tion or wireless re- peater faulty or de- fective)	Check wireless connec- tion (place outside tem- perature sensor RF and wireless repeater close to the boiler). Check KM-BUS to wire- less base station. Log off outside tempera- ture sensor and wireless repeater, then log them on again. Wireless base sta- tion Replace outside tempera- ture sensor RF. Replace wireless repeat- er. Replace wireless base station.
1A	Х	Х	Burner blocked	Flow sensor 1, left (plug 163) faulty	Replace sensor (see page 95)
1b	X	X	Burner blocked	Flow sensor 2, right (plug 163A) faulty	Replace sensor (see page 95)
1F	Х	Х	Burner blocked	Differential flow rate too large	Clean heat exchanger by flushing.

Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
20	X	X	Regulates without flow temperature sen- sor (low loss header)	Short circuit, sys- tem flow tempera- ture sensor	Check low loss header sensor (see page 94)
28	x	X	Regulates without flow temperature sen- sor (low loss header)	Lead break, sys- tem flow tempera- ture sensor	Check low loss header sensor (see page 94) If no low loss header sen- sor is connected, set code 52:0.
30	X	X	Burner blocked	Short circuit, boiler water temperature sensor	Check boiler water tem- perature sensors (see page 94)
38	X	X	Burner blocked	Lead break, boiler water temperature sensor	Check boiler water tem- perature sensors (see page 94)
40		X	Mixer is being closed.	Short circuit, flow temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor (see page 98)
44		X	Mixer is being closed.	Short circuit, flow temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor (see page 98)
48		X	Mixer is being closed.	Lead break, flow temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor (see page 98)
4C		X	Mixer is being closed.	Lead break, flow temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor (see page 98)
50	X	X	No DHW heating by the boiler	Short circuit, cylin- der temperature sensor	Check cylinder tempera- ture sensor (see page 94)
58	X	X	No DHW heating	No DHW heating by the boiler	Check cylinder tempera- ture sensor (see page 94)
90	Х	Х	Control mode	Short circuit, tem- perature sensor 7	Check sensor 7 on solar control module.
91	Х	Х	Control mode	Short circuit, tem- perature sensor 10	Check sensor 10 on solar control module.
92	X	X	No solar DHW heat- ing	Short circuit, col- lector temperature sensor	Check temperature sen- sor 6 on solar control module or sensor on the Vitosolic.
93	Х	X	Control mode	Short circuit, col- lector return tem- perature sensor	Check temperature sen- sor at terminal S3 on the Vitosolic.
94	X	X	No solar DHW heat- ing	Short circuit, cylin- der temperature sensor	Check temperature sen- sor 5 on solar control module or sensor on the Vitosolic.
98	Х	X	Control mode	Lead break, tem- perature sensor 7	Check sensor 7 on solar control module.

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Troubleshooting

Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
99	Х	X	Control mode	Lead break, tem- perature sensor 10	Check sensor 10 on solar control module.
9A	X	X	No solar DHW heat- ing	Lead break, collec- tor temperature sensor	Check temperature sen- sor 6 on solar control module or sensor on the Vitosolic.
9b	X	X	Control mode	Lead break, collec- tor return tempera- ture sensor	Check temperature sen- sor at terminal S3 on the Vitosolic.
9C	X	X	No solar DHW heat- ing	Lead break, cylin- der temperature sensor	Check temperature sen- sor 5 on solar control module or sensor on the Vitosolic.
9E	X	X	Control mode	No flow rate in so- lar circuit or flow rate too low, or temperature limiter has responded.	Check solar circuit pump and solar circuit. Acknowl- edge fault message.
9F	X	X	Control mode	Solar control mod- ule or Vitosolic fault	Replace solar control module or Vitosolic.
A3		X	Burner blocked.	Flue gas tempera- ture sensor incor- rectly positioned.	Fit flue gas temperature sensor correctly (see page 96).
A4		X	Control mode	Max. system pres- sure exceeded	Check system pressure (max. system pressure 6 bar). Check the function and sizing of the diaphragm expansion vessel. Vent the heating system.
A7		X	Control mode as per delivered condition	Programming unit faulty	Replace the programming unit.
b0	X	X	Burner blocked	Short circuit, flue gas temperature sensor	Check flue gas tempera- ture sensor.
b1	Х	X	Control mode as per delivered condition	Communication er- ror, programming unit	Check connections; re- place programming unit if necessary.
b5	X	X	Control mode as per delivered condition	Internal fault	Replace control unit.
b7	X	X	Burner blocked	Boiler coding card fault	Plug in boiler coding card or replace if faulty.
b8	Х	X	Burner blocked	Lead break, flue gas temperature sensor	Check flue gas tempera- ture sensor.
bA		X	Mixer regulates to flow temperature 20 °C.	Communication er- ror, extension kit for heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check extension kit con- nections and code.
bb		X	Mixer regulates to flow temperature 20 °C.	Communication er- ror, extension kit for heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check extension kit con- nections and code.

Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
bC		X	Control mode without remote control	Communication er- ror, Vitotrol remote control, heating cir- cuit 1 (without mix- er)	Check connections, ca- ble, coding address "A0" in "Heating circuit" group and remote control DIP switches (see page 110). With wireless remote con- trols: check radio path connections; place re- mote control and wireless repeater close to the boil- er. Check KM-BUS con- nection to wireless base station. Replace the wire- less components.
bd		X	Control mode without remote control	Communication er- ror, Vitotrol remote control, heating cir- cuit 2 (with mixer)	Check connections, ca- ble, coding address "A0" in the "Heating circuit" group and remote control settings (see page 110). With wireless remote con- trols: check radio path connections; place re- mote control and wireless repeater close to the boil- er. Check KM-BUS con- nection to wireless base station. Replace the wire- less components.
bE		X	Control mode without remote control	Communication er- ror, Vitotrol remote control, heating cir- cuit 3 (with mixer)	Check connections, ca- ble, coding address "A0" in the "Heating circuit" group and remote control settings (see page 110). With wireless remote con- trols: check radio path connections; place re- mote control and wireless repeater close to the boil- er. Check KM-BUS con- nection to wireless base station. Replace the wire- less components.
bF		X	Control mode	Incorrect LON communication module	Replace LON communi- cation module.
C1	Х	X	Control mode	Communication er- ror, EA1 extension	Check connections.
C2	X	X	Control mode	Communication er- ror, solar control module or Vitosolic	Check solar control mod- ule or Vitosolic.
C3	X	X	Control mode	Communication er- ror, AM1 extension	Check connections.

Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
C4	X	X	Control mode	Communication er- ror, OpenTherm extension	Check OpenTherm exten- sion.
C5	X	X	Control mode, max. pump speed	Communication er- ror, variable speed pump	Check pump KM-BUS.
Cd	X	X	Control mode	Communication er- ror, Vitocom 100 (KM-BUS)	Check connections, Vitocom 100 and coding address "95" in group "General"/1
CF		X	Control mode	Communication er- ror, LON communi- cation module	Replace LON communi- cation module.
d6	X	X	Control mode	Input DE1 at EA1 extension reports a fault.	Remedy fault at appliance concerned.
d7	X	X	Control mode	Input DE2 at EA1 extension reports a fault.	Remedy fault at appliance concerned.
d8	X	X	Control mode	Input DE3 at EA1 extension reports a fault.	Remedy fault at appliance concerned.
dA		X	Control mode without room influence	Short circuit, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 1 (without mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 1.
db		X	Control mode without room influence	Short circuit, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 2.
dC		X	Control mode without room influence	Short circuit, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 3.
dd		X	Control mode without room influence	Lead break, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 1 (without mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 1 and remote control set- tings (see page 99)
dE		X	Control mode without room influence	Lead break, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 2 and remote control set- tings (see page 99)
dF		X	Control mode without room influence	Lead break, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 3 and remote control set- tings (see page 99)
E0		Х	Control mode	External LON sub- scriber error	Check connections and LON subscribers.

Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
E1	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Ionisation current too high during cal- ibration	Check gap between ioni- sation electrode and burn- er gauze assembly (see page 43). In open flue operation, prevent high levels of dust in the combustion air. Press reset button R .
E2	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Heating water flow rate too low during calibration. Flow switch caused shutdown.	Ensure adequate circula- tion volume. Check flow switch. Remove scaling and blockages. Press reset button R .
E3	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Heat transfer too low during calibra- tion. Temperature limiter caused shutdown.	Ensure adequate heat transfer. Press reset button R .
E4	Х	Х	Burner blocked	Fault, supply volt- age 24 V	Replace control unit.
E5	Х	Х	Burner blocked	Flame amplifier fault	Replace control unit.
E7	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Ionisation current too low during cali- bration	 Check ionisation electrode: Distance to burner gauze assembly (see page 43) Electrode contaminated Connecting cable and plug-in connections Check flue system; remove flue gas recirculation if required. Press reset button R.
E8	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Ionisation current lies outside the permissible range	Check gas supply (gas pressure and gas flow switch), gas train and connecting cable. Check assignment of gas type (see page 37). Check ionisation elec- trode: • Distance to burner gauze assembly (see page 43) • Electrode contaminated Press reset button R .

Troubleshooting

Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
EA	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Ionisation current not within permissi- ble range during calibration (exces- sive deviation from previous level)	Check flue system; re- move flue gas recircula- tion if required. In open flue operation, prevent high levels of dust in the combustion air. Press reset button R . Following several unsuc- cessful reset attempts, re- place the boiler coding card and press reset but- ton R .
Eb	×	X	Burner in a fault state	Repeated flame loss during calibra- tion	Check gap between ioni- sation electrode and burn- er gauze assembly (see page 43). Check assignment of gas type (see page 37). Check flue system; re- move flue gas recircula- tion if required. Press reset button R .
EC	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Parameter error during calibration	Press reset button R . or Replace boiler coding card and press reset but- ton R .
Ed	Х	Х	Burner in a fault state	Internal fault	Replace control unit.
EE	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Flame signal at burner start not present or insuffi- cient.	Check gas supply (gas pressure and gas flow switch). Check gas train. Check ionisation elec- trode and connecting ca- ble.
					 Check ignition: Connecting cables to ignition module and ignition electrode Ignition electrode gap and contamination (see page 43).
					Check condensate drain. Press reset button R .

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Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
EF	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Flame is lost imme- diately after it has built (during safety time).	Check gas supply (gas pressure and gas flow switch). Check balanced flue sys- tem for flue gas recircula- tion.
					 Check ionisation electrode (replace if required): Distance to burner gauze assembly (see page 43) Electrode contaminated
					Press reset button R.
F0	Х	X	Burner blocked	Internal fault	Replace control unit.
F1	x	X	Burner in a fault state	Flue gas tempera- ture has exceeded limit.	Check heating system fill level. Vent the system. Press reset button R after flue system has cooled down.
F2	×	X	Burner in a fault state	Temperature limiter has responded.	Check heating system fill level. Check circulation pump. Vent the system. Check temperature limiter and connecting cables. Press reset button R .
F3	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Flame signal is al- ready present at burner start.	Check ionisation elec- trode and connecting ca- ble. Press reset button R .
F6	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Temperature val- ues of the boiler water temperature sensors vary too widely from one another.	Replace boiler water tem- perature sensors.
F8	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Fuel valve closes too late.	Check gas train. Check both control paths. Press reset button R .
F9	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Fan speed too low during burner start	Check the fan, fan con- necting cables, fan power supply and fan control. Press reset button R .
FA	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Fan idle state not reached	Check the fan, fan con- necting cables and fan control. Press reset button R .
FC	x	X	Burner in a fault state	Gas train faulty, modulation valve control faulty or flue gas path blocked	Check gas train. Check flue system. Press reset button R .

Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
Fd	X	X	Burner in a fault state and additional fault b7 is displayed.	Boiler coding card missing	Insert the boiler coding card. Press reset button R . Replace control unit if fault persists.
Fd	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Burner control unit fault	Check ignition electrodes and connecting cables. Check whether a strong interference (EMC) field exists near the appliance. Press reset button R . Replace control unit if fault persists.
FE	X	X	Burner blocked or in a fault state	Boiler coding card or main PCB faulty, or incorrect boiler coding card	Press reset button R . If the fault persists, check the boiler coding card and replace boiler coding card or control unit if necessa- ry.
FF	X	X	Burner blocked or in a fault state	Internal fault or re- set button R disa- bled	Restart the appliance. Re- place the control unit if the appliance will not re- start.

Maintenance

Checking the outside temperature sensor (weather-compensated control unit)

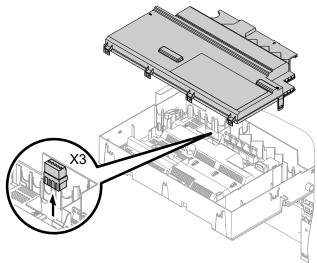
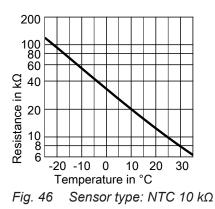


Fig. 45

Troubleshooting

Maintenance (cont.)



- 1. Disconnect plug "X3" from the control unit.
- 2. Test the resistance of the outside temperature sensor across terminals "X3.1" and "X3.2" on the disconnected plug and compare it with the curve.
- **3.** In the event of severe deviation from the curve, disconnect the wires at the sensor and repeat the test on the sensor itself.
- **4.** Depending on the result, replace the lead or the outside temperature sensor.

Checking the boiler water temperature sensors, cylinder temperature sensor or flow temperature sensor for the low loss header

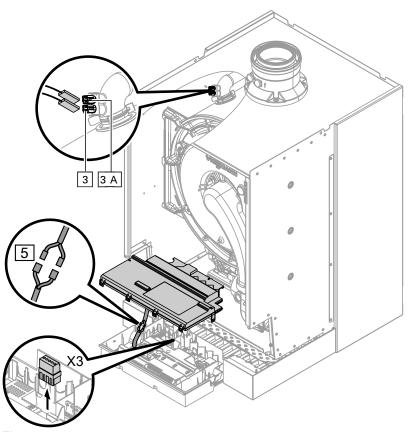
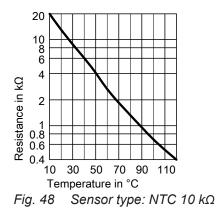


Fig. 47

- Boiler water temperature sensors Remove lead to boiler water temperature sensor
 or 3 A and check the resistance.
 - Cylinder temperature sensor
 Pull plug 5 from the cable harness at the control unit and check resistance.
 - Flow temperature sensor
 Disconnect plug "X3" at the control unit and check the resistance across terminals "X3.4" and "X3.5".

Maintenance (cont.)



Replacing the flow sensor

- **2.** Check the sensor resistance and compare it with the curve.
- 3. In the event of severe deviation replace the sensor.



Danger

The boiler water temperature sensors are immersed in the heating water (risk of scald-ing).

Drain the boiler before replacing the sensor.

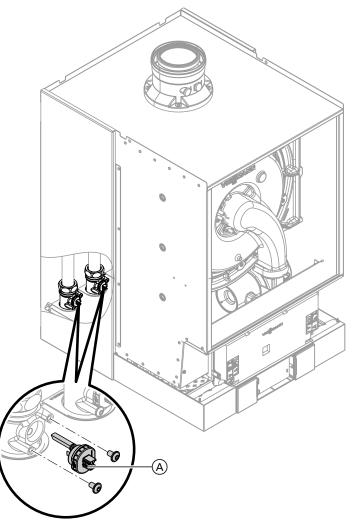


Fig. 49

Note

In the event of a fault, both sensors need to be replaced.

- 1. Drain the boiler on the heating water side.
- **2.** Pull leads from flow sensor \triangle .

- 3. Undo screws and remove faulty flow sensor A.
- **4.** Install new flow sensor (A) and secure with the screws.

Maintenance (cont.)

Checking the flue gas temperature sensor

The flue gas temperature sensor locks out the boiler if the permissible flue gas temperature is exceeded. After the flue system has cooled down, press reset button R to cancel the lock.

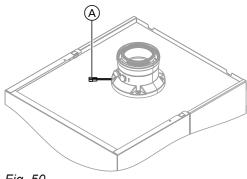
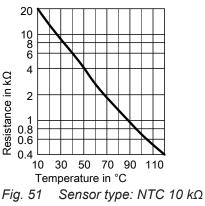


Fig. 50



1. Disconnect leads from flue gas temperature sensor (A).

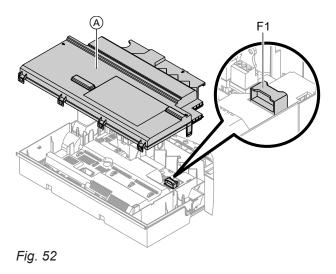
- 2. Check sensor resistance and compare it to the curve.
- 3. In the event of severe deviation replace the sensor.

Fault during commissioning (fault A3)

During commissioning, the control unit checks for correct placement of the flue gas temperature sensor. If commissioning is terminated and fault message A3 is displayed:

- 1. Check whether the flue gas temperature sensor is correctly inserted. See previous diagram.
- **2.** If necessary, correct the position of the flue gas temperature sensor or replace the faulty flue gas temperature sensor.
- 3. Press reset button **R** and repeat commissioning. The check is repeated until it is completed successfully.

Checking the fuse



1. Switch OFF the power supply.

Mixer extension kit

Checking the setting of rotary selector S1

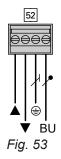
The rotary selector on the PCB of the extension kit defines the assignment to the relevant heating circuit.

Heating circuit	Rotary selector S1 setting
Heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2)	
Heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3)	

Checking the rotational direction of the mixer motor

After being switched on, the boiler implements a selftest. During this, the mixer is opened and closed again.

Changing the rotational direction of the mixer motor (if required)



- 2. Release the side closures and pivot the control unit down.
- **3.** Remove cover \triangle .
- **4.** Check fuse F1 (see connection and wiring diagram).



Danger

Incorrect or improperly fitted fuses can lead to an increased risk of fire.

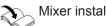
- Insert fuses without using any force. Position fuses correctly.
- Only use structurally identical types with the specified response characteristics.

Note

The mixer motor can also be started via the actuator test (see chapter "Checking outputs").

Observe the rotational direction of the mixer motor during its self-test.

Then manually set the mixer back to "Open". The flow temperature sensor must now capture a higher temperature. If the temperature drops, either the motor is turning in the wrong direction or the mixer insert is incorrectly fitted.



Mixer installation instructions

1. Remove the upper casing cover of the extension kit.



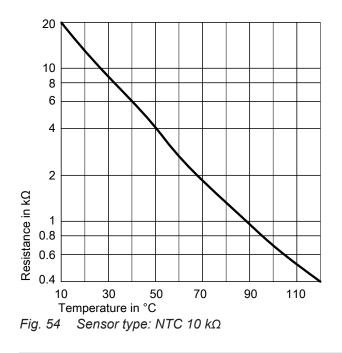
Danger

An electric shock can be life-threatening. Before opening the boiler, disconnect it from the mains voltage, e.g. at the fuse or mains isolator.

- At plug 52, swap the cores at terminals "▲" and "▼".
- 3. Refit the casing cover.

Maintenance (cont.)

Check flow temperature sensor



Checking the Vitotronic 200-H (accessories)

The Vitotronic 200-H is connected to the control unit via the LON system. To test the connection, carry out a subscriber check at the boiler control unit (page 50).

- 1. Disconnect plug 2 (flow temperature sensor).
- Check the sensor resistance and compare it to the curve.
 In the event of severe deviation replace the sensor.

Constant temperature control unit

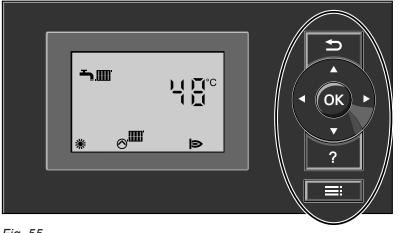


Fig. 55

Heating mode

The selected set boiler water temperature will be maintained when a demand is being raised by the room thermostat and the heating program is set to DHW and central heating "main".

The boiler water temperature will be maintained at the default frost protection temperature when there is no demand.

The electronic temperature limiter inside the burner control unit limits the boiler water temperature. Flow temperature setting range: 20 to 74 °C.

DHW heating

The burner and the circulation pump for cylinder heating are started if the cylinder temperature lies 2.5 K below the set cylinder temperature.

In the delivered condition, the set boiler water temperature is 20 K higher than the set DHW temperature (adjustable via coding address "60"). If the actual cylinder temperature exceeds the set cylinder temperature by 2.5 K, the burner shuts down and circulation pump run-on begins.

Weather-compensated control unit

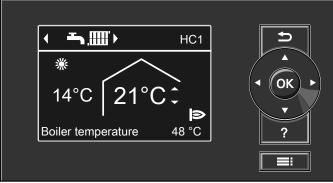


Fig. 56

Weather-compensated control unit (cont.)

Heating mode

The control unit determines a set boiler water temperature subject to outside temperature or room temperature (if a room temperature-dependent remote control is connected) and to the slope/level of the heating curve.

The determined set boiler water temperature is transferred to the burner control unit. From the set and actual boiler water temperatures, the burner control unit calculates the modulation level and regulates the burner accordingly.

DHW heating

The burner and the circulation pump for cylinder heating are started if the cylinder temperature lies 2.5 K below the set cylinder temperature.

The electronic temperature limiter inside the burner control unit limits the boiler water temperature.

In the delivered condition, the set boiler water temperature is 20 K higher than the set DHW temperature (adjustable via coding address "60" in group "DHW"/3). If the actual cylinder temperature exceeds the set cylinder temperature by 2.5 K, the burner is switched off and the circulation pump run-on time begins.

Boosting DHW heating

This function is activated by specifying a second set DHW temperature via parameter/coding address 58 in the **"DHW"** group and activating the fourth DHW time phase for DHW heating.

Heating is boosted during the periods selected in this time phase.

Internal extensions (accessories)

Internal H1 extension

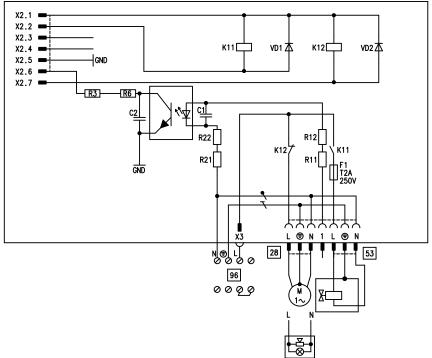


Fig. 57

The internal extension is integrated into the control unit enclosure. The following alternative functions can be connected to relay output 28. The function is assigned via parameter/coding address "53" in the **"General"** group:

- Central fault message (parameter/code "53:0")
- DHW circulation pump (parameter/code "53:1") (only for weather-compensated operation)
 Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V ~ supply.
- Heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer (parameter/code "53:2")
- Circulation pump for cylinder heating (parameter/ code "53:3")

An external safety valve can be linked to connection 53.

Internal extensions (accessories) (cont.)

Internal H2 extension

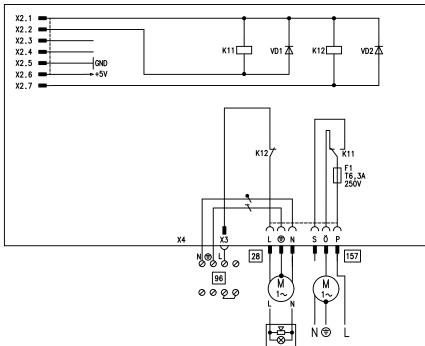


Fig. 58

The internal extension is integrated into the control unit enclosure. The following alternative functions can be connected to relay output 28. The function is assigned via parameter/coding address "53" in the **"General"** group:

- Central fault message (parameter/code "53:0")
- DHW circulation pump (parameter/code "53:1") (only for weather-compensated operation)
 Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V ~ supply.
- Heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer (parameter/code "53:2")
- Circulation pump for cylinder heating (parameter/ code "53:3")

An extractor fan can be switched off via connection $\fbox{157}$ when the burner starts.

External extensions (accessories)

AM1 extension

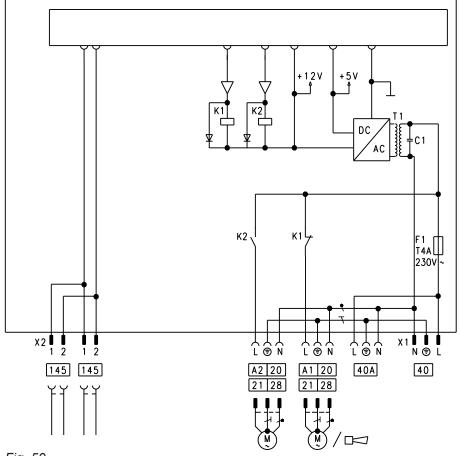


Fig. 59

- A1 Circulation pump
- A2 Circulation pump
- 40 Power supply

Functions

One of the following circulation pumps can be connected to each of connections A1 and A2:

- Heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer
- Circulation pump for cylinder heating
- DHW circulation pump (only for weather-compensated control units)

Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V \sim supply.

Function assignment

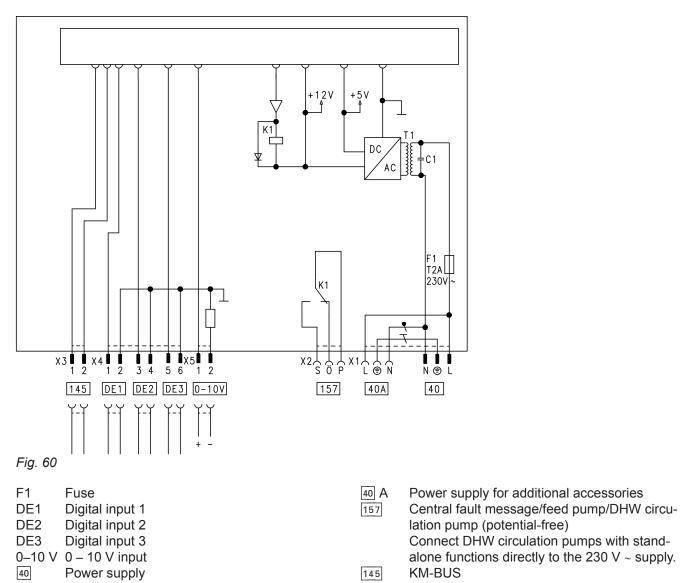
Function	Parameter/code ("General" group)		
	Output A1	Output A2	
DHW circulation pump 28	33:0	34:0 (delivered condition)	
Heating circuit pump 20	33:1 (delivered condition)	34:1	
Circulation pump for cylinder heating 21	33:2	34:2	

40 A Power supply for additional accessories 145 KM-BUS

Select the output functions via parameter changes/ codes at the boiler control unit.

External extensions (accessories) (cont.)

EA1 extension



Digital data inputs DE1 to DE3

The following functions can alternatively be connected:

- External operating program changeover for each heating circuit
- External blocking
- External blocking with fault message input
- External demand with minimum boiler water temperature
- Fault message input
- Brief operation of the DHW circulation pump

External contacts must be floating. When connecting external contacts, observe the requirements of protection class II: 8.0 mm air and creep path or 2.0 mm insulation thickness to live parts.

Input function assignment

Select the input functions via the parameter changes/ codes in the **"General"** group at the boiler control unit:

- DE1: Parameter/coding address 3A
- DE2: Parameter/coding address 3b
- DE3: Parameter/coding address 3C

Assigning the operating program changeover function to the heating circuits

Select the operating program changeover function for the relevant heating circuit via parameter/coding address d8 in the **"Heating circuit"** group at the boiler control unit:

- Changeover via input DE1: Parameter/code d8:1
- Changeover via input DE2: Parameter/code d8:2
- Changeover via input DE3: Parameter/code d8:3

External extensions (accessories) (cont.)

The effect of the operating program changeover is selected via parameter/coding address d5 in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

The duration of the changeover is set via parameter/ coding address F2 in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

Effect of external blocking function on the pumps

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected via parameter/coding address 3E in the **"General"** group.

The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected via parameter/coding address d6 in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

The effect on a circulation pump for cylinder heating is selected via parameter/coding address 5E in the **"DHW"** group.

Effect of the external demand function on the pumps

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected via parameter/coding address 3F in the **"General"** group.

The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected via parameter/coding address d7 in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

The effect on a circulation pump for cylinder heating is selected via parameter/coding address 5F in the **"DHW"** group.

DHW circulation pump runtime for brief operation

The DHW circulation pump is started by closing the contact at DE1, DE2 or DE3 by means of a pushbutton. The runtime is set via parameter/coding address "3d" in the **"General"** group.

Analogue input 0 – 10 V

The 0 – 10 V hook-up provides an additional set boiler water temperature:

0 – 1 V is taken as "No specification for set boiler water temperature".

1 V = Set value 10 °C

10 V \triangleq Set value 100 °C

Ensure galvanic separation between the earth conductor and the negative pole of the on-site power source.

Output 157

The following functions can be connected to output [157]:

- Feed pump to substation or
- DHW circulation pump or
- Fault message facility

Information regarding the feed pump

Function only possible in conjunction with a heating circuit control unit connected via LON.

Information on DHW circulation pumps

Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V \sim supply.

Function assignment

Select the function of output 157 via coding address "36" in the **"General"** group at the boiler control unit.

Control functions

External operating program changeover

The "External operating program changeover" function is implemented via the EA1 extension. There are 3 inputs available at the EA1 extension (DE1 to DE3). The function is selected via the following coding addresses in the **"General"** group:

Heating program changeover	Code
Input DE1	3A:1
Input DE2	3b:1
Input DE3	3C:1

Select the operating program changeover function for the respective heating circuit via coding address "d8" in the **"Heating circuit"** group at the boiler control unit:

Control functions (cont.)

Heating program changeover	Code
Changeover via input DE1	d8:1
Changeover via input DE2	d8:2
Changeover via input DE3	d8:3

You can select the direction of the operating program changeover in coding address "d5" in the **"Heating circuit"** group:

Heating program changeover	Code
Changeover towards "Constantly reduced" or "Constant standby mode" (subject to the selected set value)	d5:0
Changeover towards "Constant heating mode"	d5:1

The duration of the operating program changeover is set in coding address "F2" in the **"Heating circuit"** group:

Heating program changeover	Code
No operating program changeover	F2:0
Duration of the operating program changeover 1 to 12 hours	F2:1 to F2:12

The operating program changeover stays enabled for as long as the contact remains closed, but at least as long as the duration selected in coding address "F2".

External blocking

The functions "External blocking" and "External blocking with fault message input" are implemented via the EA1 extension. There are 3 inputs available at the EA1 extension (DE1 to DE3). The function is selected via the following coding addresses in the **"General"** group:

External blocking	Code
Input DE1	3A:3
Input DE2	3b:3
Input DE3	3C:3
External blocking and fault message input	Code
Input DE1	3A:4

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected in coding address "3E" in the **"General"** group.

The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected in coding address "d6" in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

3b:4 3C:4

External demand

Input DE2

Input DE3

The "External demand" function is implemented via the EA1 extension. There are 3 inputs available at the EA1 extension (DE1 to DE3).

The function is selected via the following coding addresses in the **"General"** group:

Control functions (cont.)

External demand	Code
Input DE1	3A:2
Input DE2	3b:2
Input DE3	3C:2

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected in coding address "3F" in the **"General"** group. The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected in coding address "d7" in the **"Heating circuit"** group. The set minimum boiler water temperature for external demand is selected in coding address "9b" in the **"General"** group.

The burner is switched off during the venting program.

Activating the venting program: See "Venting the heat-

Venting program

During the venting program, the circulation pump will be alternately switched on and off for 30 s over a period of 20 min.

Screed drying

When activating screed drying, observe the information provided by the screed manufacturer.

When screed drying is activated, the heating circuit pump for the heating circuit with mixer starts and the flow temperature is maintained in accordance with the selected profile. On completion (30 days), the heating circuit with mixer is controlled automatically according to the set parameters.

Observe EN 1264. The report to be provided by the heating contractor must contain the following heat-up details:

Temperature profile 1: (EN 1264-4) code "F1:1"

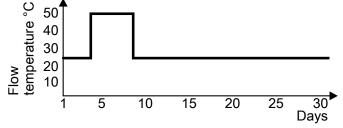


Fig. 61

Temperature profile 2: (ZV parquet and flooring technology) code "F1:2"

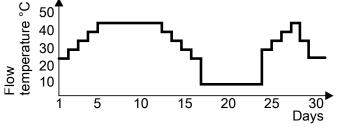


Fig. 62

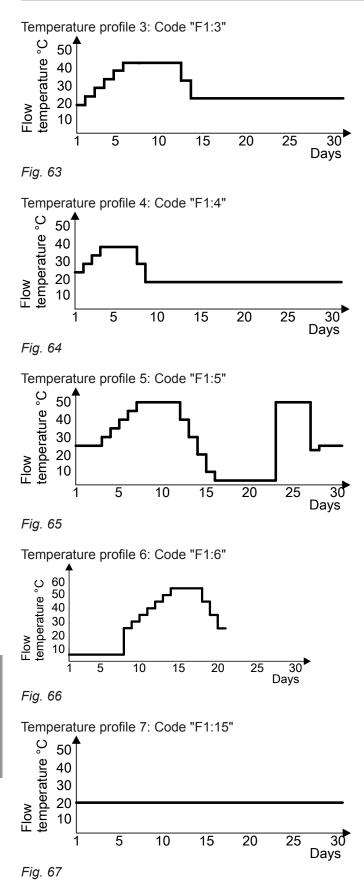
- Heat-up data with respective flow temperatures
- Max. flow temperature achieved

ing system".

 Operating state and outside temperature during handover

Various temperature profiles can be set via coding address "F1" in the **"Heating circuit"** group. The function continues after a power failure or after the control unit has been switched off. "Heating and DHW" is started when screed drying is finished or if code "F1:0" is set manually.

Control functions (cont.)



Control functions (cont.)

Raising the reduced room temperature

During operation with reduced room temperature, the reduced set room temperature can be automatically raised subject to the outside temperature. The temperature is raised in accordance with the selected heating curve, but no higher than the set standard room temperature.

Example using the settings in the delivered condition

The outside temperature limits for the start and end of temperature raising can be set in coding addresses "F8" and "F9" in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

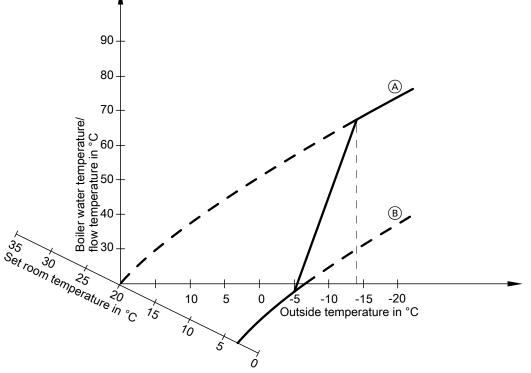


Fig. 68

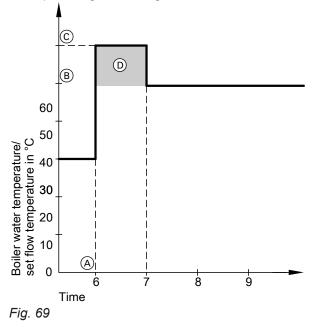
- (A) Heating curve for operation with standard room temperature
- (B) Heating curve for operation with reduced room temperature

Reducing the heat-up time

During the transition from operation with reduced room temperature to operation with standard room temperature, the boiler water or flow temperature will be raised in accordance with the selected heating curve. The boiler water or flow temperature can be automatically increased. The value and duration for the additional raising of the set boiler water temperature or set flow temperature can be set in coding addresses "FA" and "Fb" in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

Control functions (cont.)

Example using the settings in the delivered condition



- A Start of operation with standard room temperatureB Set boiler water or flow temperature in accordance
- with the selected heating curve
- Set boiler water or flow temperature in accordance with coding address "FA": 50 °C + 20 % = 60 °C
- Duration of operation with raised set boiler water or flow temperature in accordance with coding address "Fb":
 60 min

Assigning heating circuits to the remote control

The assignment of heating circuits must be configured during remote control commissioning.

Remote control affects the following heating circuit	Configuration	
	Vitotrol 200A	Vitotrol 300A
	Vitotrol 200 RF	Vitotrol 300 RF
Heating circuit without mixer A1	H 1	Heating circuit 1
Heating circuit with mixer M2	H 2	Heating circuit 2
Heating circuit with mixer M3	H 3	Heating circuit 3

Note

One heating circuit can be assigned to the Vitotrol 200A and 200 RF.

Up to three heating circuits can be assigned to the Vitotrol 300A and 300 RF.

A maximum of 2 hardwired remote control units **or** 3 wireless remote controls may be connected to the control unit.

If the assignment of a heating circuit is later cancelled, reset coding address "A0" in the **"Heating circuit"** group for this heating circuit to 0 (fault message bC, bd, bE).

Electronic combustion control unit

The electronic combustion controller utilises the physical correlation between the level of the ionisation current and the air ratio λ . The maximum ionisation current is achieved at an air ratio of 1 for all gas qualities. The ionisation signal is evaluated by the combustion controller and the air ratio is adjusted to a value between λ =1.24 and 1.44. This range provides for an optimum combustion quality. Thereafter, the electronic gas valve regulates the required gas volume subject to the prevailing gas quality.

To check the combustion quality, the CO_2 content or the O_2 content of the flue gas is measured. The prevailing air ratio is determined with the measured values. The relationship between the CO_2 or O_2 content and air ratio λ is illustrated in the following table.

Air ratio λ	O ₂ content (%)	CO ₂ content (%) for	CO ₂ content (%) for	CO ₂ content (%) for
		natural gas E	natural gas LL	LPG P
1.20	3.8	9.6	9.2	11.3
1.24	4.4	9.2	9.1	10.9
1.27	4.9	9.0	8.9	10.6
1.30	5.3	8.7	8.6	10.3
1.34	5.7	8.5	8.4	10.0
1.37	6.1	8.3	8.2	9.8
1.40	6.5	8.1	8.0	9.6
1.44	6.9	7.8	7.7	9.3
1.48	7.3	7.6	7.5	9.0

Air ratio λ – CO₂/O₂ content

To achieve an optimum combustion control, the system regularly carries out an automatic self-calibration; also after a power failure (shutdown). For this, the combustion is briefly regulated to max. ionisation current (corresponding to air ratio λ =1). Automatic calibration is carried out shortly after the burner start and lasts approx. 5 s. During calibration, higher than normal CO emissions may occur briefly.

Connection and wiring diagram

Connection and wiring diagram – internal connections

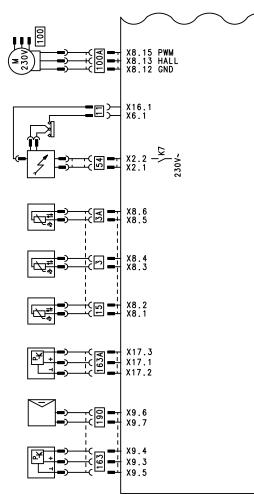


Fig. 70

- Х... **Electrical interfaces**
- 3 3A Boiler water temperature sensor
- Boiler water temperature sensor
- 11 Ionisation electrode
- 15 Flue gas temperature sensor
- 54 Ignition unit

100 Fan motor 100 A Fan motor control Modulation coil 190 163 A Flow sensor 163 Flow sensor

Connection and wiring diagram - external connections

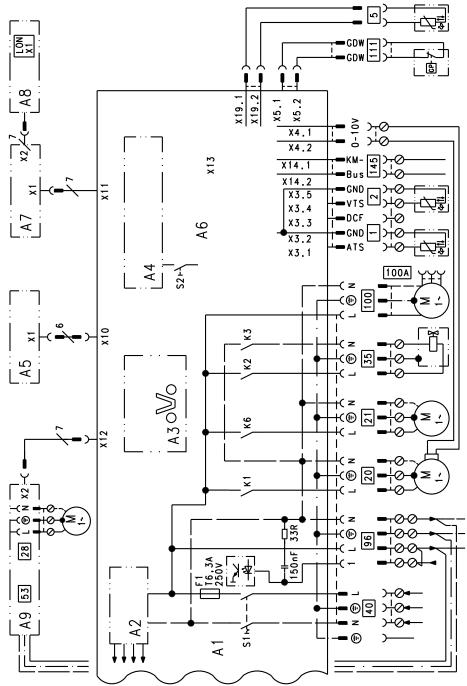


Fig. 71

- A1 Main PCB
- A2 Switching mode power supply
- A3 Optolink
- A4 Burner control unit
- A5 Programming unit
- A6 Coding card
- A7 Connection adaptor
- A8 LON communication module or cascade communication module
- A9 Internal extension (accessories)
- S1 ON/OFF switch
- S2 Reset button
- X... Electrical interfaces

- 1 Outside temperature sensor
- 2 Flow temperature sensor, low loss header
- 5 Cylinder temperature sensor (plug on the cable harness)
- 20 Heating circuit pump or boiler circuit pump
- 21 Circulation pump for cylinder heating
- 28 DHW circulation pump
- 35 Gas solenoid valve
- 40 Power supply
- 96 Power supply for accessories and Vitotrol 100
- 100 Fan motor
- 111 Gas pressure switch
- 145 KM-BUS

Settings and test values		Set value	Commission- ing	Maintenance/ service	Maintenance/ service
Date					
Signature					
Static pressure	mbar kPa	≤ 57.5 ≤ 5.75			
Supply pressure (flow pres- sure)					
For natural gas	mbar kPa	See table "Supply			
For LPG	mbar kPa	pressure" (Commis- sioning)			
Enter gas type					
Carbon dioxide content CO₂ For natural gas					
 At lower heating output 	% by vol.	See "Check- ing the com-			
 At upper heating output 	% by vol.	bustion qual- ity" (Com-			
For LPG		mission-			
 At lower heating output 	% by vol.	_ ing)			
 At upper heating output 	% by vol.				
Oxygen content O ₂					
 At lower heating output 	% by vol.				
 At upper heating output 	% by vol.				
Carbon monoxide content CO					
 At lower heating output 	ppm	< 1000			
 At upper heating output 	ppm	< 1000			

Gas boiler, category II 2N3P

Rated heating output range				
T _F /T _R 50/30 °C (Pcond(50/30))	kW	32.0 - 120.0	32.0 - 150.0	
T _F /T _R = 80/60 °C (Pn(80/60))	kW	29.1 - 110.9	29.1 - 136.0	
Rated heating input range (Qn)	kW	30.3 - 113.3	30.3 - 142.0	
Rated voltage	V	230		
Rated frequency	Hz	50		
Rated current	A	6		
Backup fuse (power supply)	A	16		
Power consumption in the delivered condition	W	146	222	
Electronic temperature limiter setting (TN) (fixed)	°C	82		
Temperature limiter setting (fixed)	°C	100		
Permiss. operating pressure (PMS)	bar MPa	6 0.6	6 0.6	
NO _X	Class	6	6	
Connection values relative to max. load				
with				
Natural gas E	m³/h	11.99	15.03	
Natural gas LL	m³/h	13.94	17.47	
LPG	kg/h	8.86	11.10	
Flue gas values				
 Mass flow rate (for DHW heating) 	g/s	56	70	
 Temperature (for DHW heating) 	°C	70	74	
Max. temperature	°C	120	120	
Permissible ambient temperature				
During operation:	°C	0 to +40 °C		
During storage and transport:	°C	-20 to +65 °C		
Protection class		<u> </u>		
IP rating		IP X 4 D to EN 6	IP X 4 D to EN 60529	
Weight	kg	130	130	
Product ID		CE-0085CN0050		

Note

The supply values are only for reference (e.g. in the gas contract application) or for a supplementary, rough estimate to check the volumetric settings. Due to factory settings, the gas pressure must not be altered from these values. Reference: 15 °C, 1013 mbar.

Flue system types

Available in the following countries	Flue system types
AE, AM, AT, BA, BG, BY, CH, CY, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, KG, KZ, LI, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SE, SK, TR, UA	$B_{23}, B_{33}, C_{13}, C_{33}, C_{43}, C_{53}, C_{63}, C_{83}, C_{93}$
BE	$B_{23}, B_{23P}, B_{33}, C_{13}, C_{33}, C_{43}, C_{53}, C_{83}, C_{83P}, C_{93}$
DE, SI	$B_{23}, B_{33}, C_{13X}, C_{33X}, C_{43X}, C_{53X}, C_{63X}, C_{83X}, C_{93X}$
FR	$B_{23},B_{23P},B_{33},C_{13},C_{33},C_{43},C_{53},C_{63},C_{83},C_{83P}C_{93}$

Specification

(cont.)

Gas categories

Gas categories
II _{2N3P} /II _{2H3P}
I _{2N} /I _{2H}
II _{2N3P}
I _{3P}
I _{2HM}
II _{2N3P} /II _{2HS3P}
II _{2EK3P}
II _{2N3P} /II _{2ELw3P}

Declaration of conformity

We, Viessmann Werke GmbH & Co. KG, D-35107 Allendorf, declare as sole responsible body that the named product complies with the European directives and supplementary national requirements in terms of its design and operational characteristics. Using the serial number, the full Declaration of Conformity can be found on the following website: www.viessmann.co.uk/eu-conformity

Manufacturer's declaration

This product meets the requirements of the Efficiency Directive (92/42/EEC) for condensing boilers.

Manufacturer's certificate according to the 1st BImSchV [Germany]

We, Viessmann Werke GmbH & Co. KG, D-35107 Allendorf, confirm that the product **Vitodens 200-W** complies with the NO_x limits specified by the 1st BImSchV, paragraph 6 [Germany].

Allendorf, 1 February 2018

Viessmann Werke GmbH & Co. KG

Authorised signatory Reiner Jansen Head of Strategic Quality Management

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